

Racine, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Mayor and Common Council City of Racine Racine, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Racine, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Racine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Racine Water and Wastewater Utilities, both major enterprise funds and 83 percent, 74 percent and 71 percent, respectively of the assets, net position and revenues of the business-type activities or the Downtown Racine Business Improvement District #1, a discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Racine Water and Wastewater Utilities, both major enterprise funds, and the Downtown Racine Business Improvement District #1, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of Racine Water and Wastewater Utilities, both major enterprise funds, and the Downtown Racine Business Improvement District #1, were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

To the Mayor and Common Council City of Racine

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the City of Racine's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Racine's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Racine, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note I, City of Racine adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective January 1, 2019. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note I, City of Racine adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*, effective January 1, 2019. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Mayor and Common Council City of Racine

Other Matters (continued)

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Racine's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Baker Tilly Virchaw Krause, LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Racine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Racine's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin

July 28, 2020

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

As management of the City of Racine, we offer readers of the City of Racine's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Racine for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of Racine exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
 of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$101,995,301 (net position).
- The City's total net position decreased by \$4,196,760.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Racine's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$83,130,044, an increase of \$2,215,018, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 24.33% of this amount, \$20,225,683, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$20,923,082 or 25% of total general fund expenditures.
- Total long term obligations increased by approximately \$6.8 million for the fiscal year ended December 31,
 2019. Long term obligation activity during the year included the following:
 - \$14.33 million note anticipation notes for capital project purposes.
 - \$17 million of general obligation refunding debt was used for the current refunding of the \$18 million note anticipation notes and bonds.
 - The Water and Wastewater Utilities borrowed \$25.4 million in Mortgage Revenue Bonds.
 - Principal paid on outstanding debt was \$43.3 Million
 - Net OPEB obligation decreased by approximately \$24 million
 - Pension liability increased by \$16.6 million

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Racine's basic financial statements. The City of Racine's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Racine's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Racine's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Racine is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Government-wide Financial Statements (cont.)

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Racine that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Racine include general government, community development, health, education and recreation, public works, and public safety. The business-type activities of the City of Racine include the Water Utility, Wastewater Utility, Transit System, Storm Water Utility, Parking Utility, Golf Courses, Civic Centre, and Radio Repair.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Racine itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate Business Improvement District and Redevelopment Authority for which the City of Racine is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented in the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Racine, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Racine can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds (cont.)

The City of Racine maintains numerous governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund and the Debt Service Fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Nonmajor governmental fund data is provided in the form of combining worksheets elsewhere in the report.

The City of Racine adopts an annual appropriated budget for various funds. Amendments are made during the year to the adopted budgets. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds with both the adopted and amended budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Racine maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Racine uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Wastewater, Storm Water and Parking Utilities as well as its Transit System, Civic Centre, Golf Courses, and Radio Repair Facility. The Water Utility, Wastewater Utility, Storm Water Utility and Transit System are all considered to be major funds of the City of Racine.

The City uses internal service funds to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. The City uses internal service funds to account for its Equipment Maintenance Garage, Information Systems, Building Complex, Telephone System, and Health Insurance. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-31 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Racine's own programs. The City of Racine has one fiduciary fund. The fiduciary fund, the Tax Collecting fund, records the tax roll and tax collections for other taxing jurisdictions within the City of Racine. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for governmental funds.

The basic fiduciary financial statements can be found on pages 32 and 33 of this report.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 34-105 of this report.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental and proprietary funds is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 110-138 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. December 31, 2019 and 2018 City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$101,995,301 and \$106,192,061 respectively.

The largest portion of the City's net position is its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City used these capital assets to provide services to citizens and therefore they are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources need to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The City's net investment in capital assets was \$331,447,604 and \$325,404,519 at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

An additional portion of the City of Racine's governmental activities net position represents restricted net position, or resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Restricted net position was \$52,381,013 and \$65,454,177 and unrestricted net position was \$(281,833,316) and \$(284,666,635) as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

The City's governmental activities had a deficit unrestricted net position of \$(244,975,562) and \$(247,058,528) as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively. The deficit is primarily the result of the City's OPEB obligation.

The City's net OPEB obligation was recalculated in 2018 in accordance with the implementation of GASB #75. The City's total healthcare OPEB obligation was \$310,694,646 and \$335,432,436 as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont.)

Condensed financial information from the statements of net position is presented below for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. Amounts are expressed in thousands.

	2019	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
	Governmental	Governmental	Business-Type	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Activities	Activities	Total	Total
Current and other assets	\$ 166,382	\$ 177,500	\$ 82,586	\$ 60,523	\$ 248,968	\$ 238,023
Capital assets	203,315	203,186	277,238	267,731	480,553	470,917
Total assets	369,697	380,686	359,824	328,254	729,521	708,940
Deferred outflows of						
resources	59,320	45,623	8,984	7,280	68,304	52,903
Current and other liabilities	12,480	13,193	6,129	6,787	18,609	19,980
Liabilities payable from						
restricted assets	-	-	14,407	11,016	14,407	11,016
Long-term liabilities	390,210	397,248	161,000	137,396	551,210	534,644
Total liabilities	402,690	410,441	181,536	155,199	584,226	565,640
Deferred inflows of						
resources	102,850	85,003	8,754	5,008	111,604	90,011
Net position:						
Net Investment in						
capital assets	126,348	124,258	209,731	206,091	336,079	317,297
Restricted	42,105	53,665	10,276	11,788	52,381	65,453
Unrestricted	(244,976)	(247,058)	(41,489)	(42,552)	(286,465)	(255,129)
Total net position	\$ (76,523)	\$ (69,135)	\$ 178,518	\$ 175,327	\$ 101,995	\$ 106,192

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Government-wide Financial Analysis (cont.)

Condensed financial information from the statement of activities is presented below for the year ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. Amounts are expressed in thousands.

·	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
	Governmental	Governmental	Business-Type	Business-Type	2019	2018
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	Total	Total
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 16,565	\$ 15,541	\$ 45,165	\$ 43,773	\$ 61,730	\$ 59,314
Operating grants						
and contributions	10,814	12,840	5,880	5,767	16,694	18,607
Capital grants						
and contributions	316	2,466	4,964	3,904	5,280	6,370
Taxes	56,375	56,357	1,582	1,604	57,957	57,961
Intergovernmental revenues						
not restricted to						
specific programs	33,351	29,074	-	-	33,351	29,074
Investment income	2,737	1,092	436	313	3,173	1,405
Other	2,970	965	15	17	2,985	982
Total revenues	123,128	118,335	58,042	55,378	181,170	173,713
Expenses						
General government	17,783	18,080	-	-	17,783	18,080
Community development	8,292	10,031	-	-	8,292	10,031
Health	3,662	3,521	-	-	3,662	3,521
Education and recreation	15,121	15,042	-	-	15,121	15,042
Public works	23,454	25,579	-	-	23,454	25,579
Public safety	61,965	57,435	-	-	61,965	57,435
Interest and fiscal charges	4,144	4,057	-	-	4,144	4,057
Water	-	-	17,404	16,122	17,404	16,122
Wastewater	-	-	14,415	13,747	14,415	13,747
Storm Water	-	-	5,397	4,354	5,397	4,354
Belle urban system	-	-	10,645	10,052	10,645	10,052
Other			3,085	3,365	3,085	3,365
Total expenses	134,421	133,745	50,946	47,640	185,367	181,385
Increase (decrease) in						
net position before transfers	(11,293)	(15,410)	7,096	7,738	(4,197)	(7,672)
Transfers	3,905	4,279	(3,905)	(4,279)		
Increase (decrease) in net position	(7,388)	(11,131)	3,191	3,459	(4,197)	(7,672)
Net position-beginning of year	(69,135)	(58,004)	175,327	171,868	106,192	113,864
Net position-end of year	\$ (76,523)	\$ (69,135)	\$ 178,518	\$ 175,327	\$ 101,995	\$ 106,192

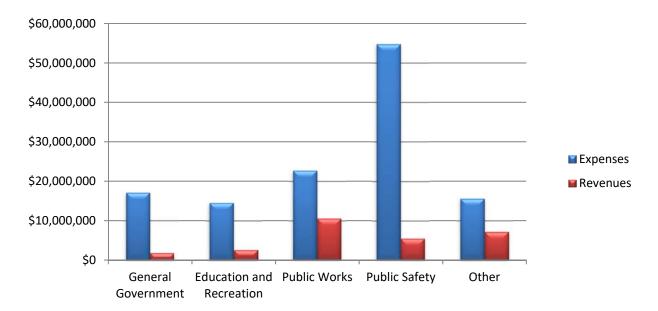
Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

The net position in the governmental activities increased by approximately \$2.5 million during the fiscal year.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities:

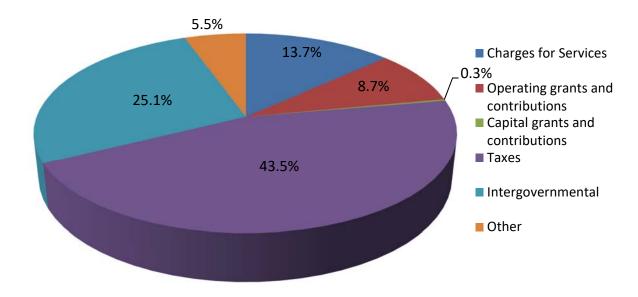


Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities (cont.)

Program and General Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities:



Business-type activities

Business-type activities net position increased by \$3.19 million during the fiscal year 2019. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

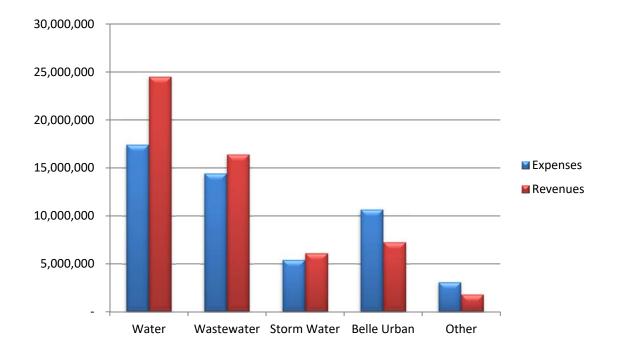
- The Water utility had an increase in net position of \$3.895 million. The increase in net position in the Water utility relates primarily to increases in metered sales, and a decrease in materials and supplies expenses.
- The Wastewater utility had an increase in net position of \$1.189 million.
- The Belle Urban Transit system had a decrease in net position of approximately \$2.1 million, which relates to rising pension and health care costs and a reduction in state aid and a reduction in fare revenue.
- The Storm Water Utility had a slight increase in net position of 773,665. This relates to an increase in revenue from storm charges and a decrease in expenses in the operations area.
- The Other Enterprise Funds of the City had a small decrease of \$561,188.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Business-type activities (cont.)

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities:

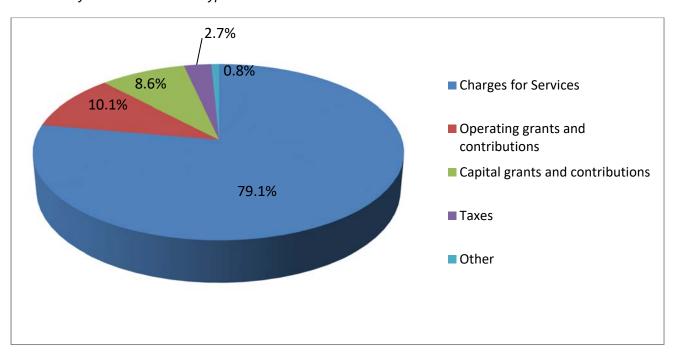


Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Business-Type Activities (cont.)

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities:



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Racine uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds-The focus of the City of Racine's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Racine's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure a government's net resources available for spending at year end.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Racine's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$83,130,044. Approximately 24.87% of this amount, \$20,225,683, constitutes unassigned fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the City of Racine. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$20,923,082, while total fund balance totaled \$34,148,349. Unassigned fund balance represents 25.00% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 40% of total general fund expenditures. The Common Council has resolved that any unassigned fund balance in excess of 25% of general fund expenditures be assigned for wage and benefit provision. Assigned fund balance in the general fund was \$4,657,115 at December 31, 2019 of which \$3,191,529 was assigned for wage and benefit provision.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (cont.)

Although the general fund was budgeted to use \$2,547,311 of fund balances during 2019, the general fund added just over \$151 thousand to fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2019. The resulting \$2.0 million positive variance is primarily the result of expenditures under budget by just over \$1.4 million, while expenditures were slightly under budget in several areas, the unexpected other revenues were the primary reason for the positive results. The following denotes two specific significant other revenue activity during the year:

- Investment Income revenues were over \$1 million over budget due primarily to significant capital gains on our long term investments.
- Insurance Recoveries of \$1 million were received for the complete loss of the Lakeview Community Center.

The Debt service fund is another major governmental fund of the City of Racine. The fund accounts for principal and interest payments made on the City's outstanding debt obligations. The debt service fund has a total fund balance of at December 31, 2019 and 2018 of \$401,050 and \$439,427, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service.

The other governmental funds are non-major funds of the City of Racine. These funds account for various activities within the City including grant programs, special assessment and economic development activities, library and cemetery activities, endowments, and all the capital project funds of the city. The other governmental funds have a total fund balance of \$48,580,645 and \$46,478,296 in 2019 and 2018 respectively. The fund balances of these funds increased by just over \$2 million, during 2019. This was due primarily to capital borrowing funds on hand that will be spent in 2020.

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds (cont.)

Proprietary Funds – The City of Racine's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements.

Unrestricted net position for the Water utility at the end of 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$(7,329,545) and \$(9,541,892), for the Wastewater utility \$(27,297,760) and \$(26,071,861), for the Storm water utility \$(1,897,938) and \$(2,649,864), for the Belle urban system \$(3,061,085) and \$(2,232,055), and for the other enterprise funds \$(1,902,352) and \$(2,056,648). The total change in net position for the Water Utility for 2019 and 2018 was \$3,894,889 and \$3,163,196, the Wastewater Utility \$1,188,982 and \$2,193,942, the Storm water Utility \$773,665 and \$643,780, for the Belle urban system \$(2,105,428) and \$(1,404,990), and for the Other Enterprise funds \$(561,188) and \$(1,137,347) respectively. Factors concerning the financial results of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the City of Racine's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The City of Racine's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 amounted to \$331,447,604 and \$325,404,519 respectively, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Infrastructure includes street, roads, bridges, sidewalks, drainage system, sewer lines, shoreline walls, and other infrastructure. As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation totaled \$480,552,602 and \$470,916,876 respectively. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation increased approximately \$10 million in 2019 and approximately \$5 million in 2018, largely due to infrastructure additions in the Water Utility.

Long-term debt – At the end of 2019 and 2018, the City of Racine had total general obligation and revenue bond debt outstanding of \$172,166,667 and \$158,781,718. Of this amount, the debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government is \$92,645,000 and \$94,270,000 in 2019 and 2018 respectively. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (ie. revenue bonds). The City's total outstanding debt increased by approximately \$14 million in 2019. The general obligation debt outstanding decreased by about \$2.0 million.

	<u>Outstanding debt</u>					
		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		
Governmental Activities:	•	00.045.000	•	04.070.000		
General obligation bonds and notes	\$	92,645,000	\$	94,270,000		
Business-Type Activities:						
Revenue bonds		79,521,667		64,511,718		
Total	\$	172,166,667	\$	158,781,718		
			_			

Racine, Wisconsin

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Unaudited)

Economic Conditions and 2020 and 2021 Budget Outlook

During the first quarter of 2020 the COVID-19 pandemic hit the Country. The City of Racine has felt the effects of the pandemic will business closures, school closures and extreme resources required from our public health and public safety departments. While grants funds have been made available to the City for expenses associated with COVID-19, the City continues to struggle with revenue shortfalls in parking fines, municipal fines, building permits, transit fares, and various other places.

The City of Racine's the assessed value is on the rise. The assessed value rose 4% for the 2020 tax roll and the City is expecting another increase for the 2021 tax roll.

The City continues to focus on economic development and job creation and looks forward to positive impacts from the large developments that are occurring in our County. The City has recently signed several large development agreements for various housing projects as well as a hotel convention center that will bring some much needed net new construction to the community.

The City continues to carry a strong unassigned fund balance in the general fund and has developed internal policies to ensure that the balance remains above 20% of general fund expenditures. In addition, the City has implemented various planning tools and procedures to minimize tax rate fluctuations in future years, including 10 year planning capital budgets.

The City used slightly over \$2.8 million of general fund, debt service fund, internal service and other operational fund balances to fund operations in the 2020 budget. The 2020 City tax rate was \$14.93 per thousand. As the City continues to struggle with a structural deficit resulting from State levy limits that prevent us from covering even basic cost increases, difficult decisions will have to be made in the 2021 budget.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Racine's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. The financial report can be found at www.cityofracine.org Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Racine Finance Department, 730 Washington Avenue, Racine, WI 53403.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

	P	rimary Governme	ent	Component Units					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Business Improvement District	Redevelopment Authority				
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 76,440,472	\$ 24,037,828	\$ 100,478,300	\$ 41,921	\$ 881,022				
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts	72,846,007	8,709,932	81,555,939	198,118	_				
Internal balances	6,051,124	(6,051,124)			-				
Due from other governments	3,621,989	4,871,111	8,493,100	-	-				
Inventories	901,840	904,281	1,806,121	-	-				
Prepaid items Advances to other funds	650,946 234,632	6,663 (234,632)	657,609	-	-				
Advances to other rurius Advances to component unit	2,286,585	(234,632)	2,286,585	-	-				
Restricted assets	_,,		_,,						
Cash and investments	-	25,954,451	25,954,451	-	-				
Plant capacity receivable, current portion	-	3,443,423	3,443,423	-	-				
Plant capacity receivable, long term	-	20,945,442	20,945,442	-	-				
Deposit in CVMIC	2,962,500	-	2,962,500	-	-				
Assets held for resale	385,000	-	385,000	-	5,622,831				
Capital assets	24.962.224	E 204 7E2	20 164 074						
Land	24,863,221	5,301,753	30,164,974	-	-				
Construction in progress	19,614,360	10,241,523	29,855,883	-	-				
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	158,838,092	261,693,653	420,531,745	-	_				
Total Assets	369,696,768	359,824,304	729,521,072	240,039	6,503,853				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amounts relating to pension	41,792,270	4,315,582	46,107,852	-	-				
Deferred amounts relating to health OPEB	16,343,187	3,628,824	19,972,011	-	-				
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance OPEB Unamortized loss on refunding	356,789 828,146	89,686 950,249	446,475 1,778,395	-	-				
Official for the control of the cont	59,320,392	8,984,341	68,304,733						
LIABILITIES		0,001,011	00,001,100						
Accounts payable	5,384,714	5,086,852	10,471,566	-	49,221				
Accrued compensation and									
other current liabilities	6,870,284	1,041,986	7,912,270	-	40,800				
Due to other governments Accrued interest payable	78,140 146,686	-	78,140 146,686	-	-				
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	140,000		140,000	_	_				
Accrued interest payable	-	686,806	686,806	-	-				
Unearned capacity revenue	-	1,147,993	1,147,993	-	-				
Current portion of long term debt	-	12,572,930	12,572,930	-	-				
Noncurrent liabilities Total health OPEB liability	270,701,217	38,552,891	309,254,108	_	_				
Net pension liability	15,188,341	1,590,093	16,778,434						
Net life insurance liability	1,979,503	481,454	2,460,957	-	-				
Unearned capacity revenue	-	48,468,518	48,468,518	-	-				
Due within one year	14,487,390	- 71,906,951	14,487,390 159,760,860	-	2 296 595				
Due in more than one year Total Liabilitities	87,853,909 402,690,184	181,536,474	584,226,658		2,286,585 2,376,606				
Total Liabilitules	402,000,104	101,000,474	004,220,000		2,010,000				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred amounts relating to pension	20,850,798	2,280,944	23,131,742	-	-				
Deferred amounts relating to health OPEB	22,462,563	3,758,905	26,221,468						
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance OPEB Rate stabilization fund	529,183	129,097 800,000	658,280 800,000						
Unearned revenue	59,007,063	1,785,293	60,792,356	197,578	_				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	102,849,607	8,754,239	111,603,846	197,578					
2.	. , ,								
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets	126,347,933	209,730,597	331,447,604	-	-				
Restricted for									
Debt service	488,997	-	488,997	-	-				
Permanent funds	2,553,076	-	2,553,076	-	-				
Library	174,044	-	174,044 6 457 661	-	-				
HUD Loan Programs Tax increment districts	6,457,661 12,982,216	-	6,457,661 12,982,216	-	-				
Intergovernmental revenue sharing	12,962,216	-	11,252,691	-	-				
Federal and State grant programs	1,026,067	-	1,026,067	-	-				
Trusts	3,944,712	-	3,944,712	-	_				
Special assessment program	2,444,028	-	2,444,028	-	-				
Health, public safety, and parks programs	781,506		781,506	-	-				
Water	-	2,761,237	2,761,237	-	-				
Wastewater	-	7,514,778	7,514,778	-	-				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(244,975,562)		(281,833,316)	42,461	4,127,247				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (76,522,631)	\$ 178,517,932	\$ 101,995,301	\$ 42,461	\$ 4,127,247				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Program Revenues						Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position								
									Prim	nary	Government				Compo	nent	Units
					Operating		Capital							Bu	siness		
		C	harges for	(Grants and	(Grants and		Governmental	Bu	siness-Type			Impro	ovement	Red	development
	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	C	ontributions		Activities		Activities		Totals	D	istrict		Authority
Functions/Programs																	
Primary Government																	
Governmental activities																	
General government	\$ 17,782,715	\$	1,700,345	\$	154,602	\$	-	\$	(15,927,768)	\$	-	\$	(15,927,768)	\$	-	\$	-
Community development	8,292,222		1,348,534		4,606,360		-		(2,337,328)		-		(2,337,328)		-		-
Health	3,662,352		491,952		723,823		-		(2,446,577)		-		(2,446,577)		-		-
Education and recreation	15,120,562		789,254		1,810,163		-		(12,521,145)		-		(12,521,145)		-		-
Public works	23,453,568		7,878,343		2,372,355		316,462		(12,886,408)		-		(12,886,408)		-		-
Public safety	61,965,499		4,356,207		1,146,736		-		(56,462,556)		-		(56,462,556)		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 4,143,514			_			_		(4,143,514)				(4,143,514)		-		
Total Governmental Activities	 134,420,432		16,564,635		10,814,039		316,462		(106,725,296)		<u> </u>	_	(106,725,296)				
Business type activities																	
Water	17,404,180		21,250,659		-		3,227,619		-		7,074,098		7,074,098		-		-
Wastewater	14,414,879		14,655,297		-		1,736,407		-		1,976,825		1,976,825		-		-
Storm Water	5,397,449		6,089,603		-		-		-		692,154		692,154		-		-
Belle Urban Transit	10,644,934		1,359,197		5,880,305		-		-		(3,405,432)		(3,405,432)		-		-
Other	 3,084,989		1,810,634						<u>-</u>		(1,274,355)		(1,274,355)				
Total Business Type Activities	 50,946,431		45,165,390	_	5,880,305		4,964,026			_	5,063,290		5,063,290		-		
Total Primary Government	\$ 185,366,863	\$	61,730,025	\$	16,694,344	\$	5,280,488		(106,725,296)		5,063,290		(101,662,006)		_		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Program Revenues					Change	ses) Revenues an s in Net Position	<u> </u>				
								Prim	ary Government		Compo	nent Units		
				Ope	rating	Capital					Business			
			Charges for	or Gran	ts and	Grants and	Go	overnmental	Business-Type		Improvement	Redevelopment		
	E	xpenses	Services	Contri	butions	Contributions	<u> </u>	Activities	Activities	Totals	District	Authority		
Component Units	·													
Business Improvement District	\$	190,507	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	-	-	-	(190,507)	-		
Redevelopment Authority				<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>					(260,048)		
	\$	190,507	\$	- \$		\$	<u> </u>				(190,507)	(260,048)		
	General Revenues Taxes Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes levied, for debt service Property taxes, levied for TIF Other taxes Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs Investment income Other Transfers Total General Revenues and Transfers						35,736,885 17,013,053 2,839,323 785,413 33,351,062 2,736,751 2,969,806 3,905,323 99,337,616	1,581,989 - - - - 435,675 15,289 (3,905,323) (1,872,370)	37,318,874 17,013,053 2,839,323 785,413 33,351,062 3,172,426 2,985,095	187,655 - - - - 3 13,355 201,013	- - - - - - -			
	•	Change in net p	oosition					(7,387,680)	3,190,920	(4,196,760)	10,506	(260,048)		
	1	NET POSITION	(DEFICIT) - E	eginning of	Year			(69,134,951)	175,327,012	106,192,061	31,955	4,387,295		
		NET POSITIO	N (DEFICIT) -	END OF YE	AR		\$	(76,522,631)	\$ 178,517,932	\$ 101,995,301	\$ 42,461	\$ 4,127,247		

Governmental Funds

BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2019

			Service		Funds		Totals
	Fund						
\$	24,466,222	\$	400,551	\$	45,496,599	\$	70,363,372
	37,540,610		16,211,230		8,904,872		62,656,712
	-		-		477,737		477,737
	-		-		1,632,176		1,632,176
	35,494		-		-		35,494
	-		-				4,183,502
			-				464,498
	2,382,354	_					2,691,024
	40,139,447	_	16,211,230		15,790,466	_	72,141,143
	8,982,259		499		6,216,653		15,199,411
	2,759		-		3,619,230		3,621,989
	470,501		-		-		470,501
	104,336		-		357,477		461,813
	2,962,500		-		-		2,962,500
	-		-		385,000		385,000
	-		-		2,286,585		2,286,585
			234,632		7,497,715		7,732,347
\$	77,128,024	\$	16,846,912	\$	81,649,725	\$	175,624,661
\$	1,225,827 3,566,977 3,918,188 35,362 1,162,704 - 9,909,058	\$	- - - - -	\$	495,907 5,213,170 42,778 - 7,497,715 16,169,950	\$	4,146,207 4,062,884 9,131,358 78,140 1,162,704 7,497,715 26,079,008
	-		234,632		7,173,914		7,408,546
	-		-		342,607		342,607
							58,664,456
	33,070,617	_	16,445,862		16,899,130		66,415,609
	8,568,152		-		-		8,568,152
	-		401,050				36,128,003
	- 4 657 115		-				13,423,504
			_				4,784,702 20,225,683
	34,148,349	_	401,050	-	48,580,645		83,130,044
\$	77,128,024	\$	16,846,912	\$	81,649,725		
ported	,		,				201,501,307 6,443,884 5,446,181 (276,820,593 (2,073,238 7,408,546
r	\$ se: ported	\$ 1,225,827 35,494 - 180,989 2,382,354 40,139,447 8,982,259 2,759 470,501 104,336 2,962,500 \$ 77,128,024 \$ 1,225,827 3,566,977 3,918,188 35,362 1,162,704 9,909,058 33,070,617 33,070,617 8,568,152 4,657,115 20,923,082 34,148,349 \$ 77,128,024 See: ported in funds. (See	\$ 1,225,827 \$ 3,566,977 3,918,188 35,362 1,162,704 \$ 9,909,058 \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 1,225,827 \$ - 234,632 \$ 16,211,230 \$ 16,211,230 \$ 16,211,230 \$ 16,211,230 \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ 16,211,230 \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ 16,211,230 \$ \$ 33,070,617 \$ 16,211,230 \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ 16,211,230 \$ \$ 33,070,617 \$ 16,211,230 \$ 33,070,617 \$ 16,445,862 \$ 20,923,082 \$ 34,148,349 \$ 401,050 \$ \$ 77,128,024 \$ 16,846,912	37,540,610 16,211,230 -	37,540,610 16,211,230 8,904,872 -	37,540,610 16,211,230 8,904,872 -

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

						Nonmajor		
	General		Debt Service		G	overnmental .		
	Fund		Fund			Funds		Totals
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 32,600,68	35	\$	17,013,053	\$	6,760,936	\$	56,374,674
Special charges and assessments		-		-		773,413		773,413
Intergovernmental	34,427,38			80,228		9,325,039		43,832,654
Licenses and permits	2,468,99			-		-		2,468,997
Fines and forfeitures	1,227,50			-		250,146		1,477,655
Public charges for services	5,547,01			-		6,986,961		12,533,980
Miscellaneous	2,981,51	8		236,785		4,485,723		7,704,026
Total Revenues	79,253,11	5		17,330,066		28,582,218		125,165,399
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
	45 400 00	00				7.040		45 007 070
General government	15,199,82			-		7,242		15,207,070
Health	2,211,83					1,229,111		3,440,943
Public safety	46,313,41			-		5,216,038		51,529,455
Public works	9,756,64			-		4,573,531		14,330,171
Education and recreation	6,214,22			-		5,320,961		11,535,190
Community Development	2,052,20)5		-		5,253,939		7,306,144
Capital Outlay		-		-		18,006,919		18,006,919
Debt Service				00 070 000				20.070.000
Principal		-		32,970,000		-		32,970,000
Interest and fiscal charges	04.740.45	<u>-</u>		3,880,899		550,758		4,431,657
Total Expenditures	81,748,15	<u>1</u>		36,850,899	_	40,158,499	_	158,757,549
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,495,03	36)		(19,520,833)		(11,576,281)		(33,592,150)
	(=, ::0,00			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(,,)

Governmental Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,330,000	\$ 14,330,000
Premium on long-term debt issued	-	1,335,469	57,033	1,392,502
Refunding bonds issued	-	17,015,000	-	17,015,000
Transfers in	2,746,560	1,131,987	5,313,329	9,191,876
Transfers out	(100,478)		(6,021,732)	 (6,122,210)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,646,082	19,482,456	13,678,630	 35,807,168
Net Change in Fund Balances	151,046	(38,377)	2,102,349	2,215,018
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	33,997,303	439,427	46,478,296	 80,915,026
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 34,148,349	\$ 401,050	\$ 48,580,645	\$ 83,130,044

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 2,215,018
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of net position, the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Some items reported as capital outlay are not capitalized Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Net Book Value on Disposal	18,006,919 (4,274,691) (12,427,631) (1,251,146)
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Debt issued Principal repaid	(31,345,000) 32,970,000
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
in the governmental funds.	(174.040)
Compensated absences Unamortized discounts/premiums (see Note II. B.)	(174,949) (1,111,165)
Pension expenses	(5,665,726)
Other postemployment benefits	(4,443,959)
Writeoff of loans	(218,177)
Accrued interest on debt	5,918
Internal service funds are used by management to charge self insurance costs to individual funds. The decrease in net position of the internal service fund	
reported with the governmental activities.	(1,237,459)
Devenues in the governmental funds that are not reported as revenues	
Revenues in the governmental funds that are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities (See Note II. B.)	(786,828)
Expenditures in the governmental funds that are not reported as expenses in the statement of activities (See Note II. B.)	 2,351,196
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (7,387,680)

General Fund

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Dudgatad	Λ.					
		Budgeted	А				\	
		Original		Final		A otuol		ariance with
DEVENUE		Budget	_	Budget		Actual	<u> </u>	nal Budget
REVENUES	Φ	00 570 500	•	. 00 570 500	Φ	00 000 005	Φ	04.405
Taxes	\$	32,579,500	\$	32,579,500	\$	32,600,685	\$	21,185
Intergovernmental		33,669,723		33,669,723		34,427,387		757,664
Licenses and permits		2,300,750		2,300,750		2,468,997		168,247
Fines and forfeitures		1,797,000		1,797,000		1,227,509		(569,491)
Charges for services		5,584,697		5,584,697		5,547,019		(37,678)
Other	_	694,131	_	694,131		2,981,518	_	2,287,387
Total Revenues		76,625,801	_	76,625,801		79,253,115		2,627,314
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		14,746,109		14,775,654		15,199,828		(424,174)
Health		2,448,809		2,451,809		2,211,832		239,977
Public safety		46,673,751		46,653,759		46,313,417		340,342
Public works		9,570,950		9,643,507		9,756,640		(113,133)
Education and recreation		6,315,608		6,317,608		6,214,229		103,379
Community Development	_	2,187,272	_	2,187,473		2,052,205		135,268
Total Expenditures	_	81,942,499	_	82,029,810		81,748,151		281,659
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(5,316,698)	_	(5,404,009)	_	(2,495,036)		2,908,973
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		3,006,698		3,006,698		2,746,560		(260,138)
Transfers out		(90,000)		(150,000)		(100,478)		49,522
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,916,698	_	2,856,698		2,646,082		(210,616)
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	(2,400,000)	\$	(2,547,311)		151,046	\$	2,698,357
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year						33,997,303		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	34,148,349		

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET POSTION As of December 31, 2019

	_				В	usiness-Type Enterprise								vernmental Activities-	
		Water Utility	W	astewater Utility	St	orm Water Utility		Belle Urban Transit	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total		Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS															
Current Assets															
Cash and investments	\$	7,671,782	\$	12,615,393	\$	2,020,691	\$	200	\$	1,729,762	\$	24,037,828	\$	5,502,782	
Receivables															
Accounts		4,184,632		2,115,556		-		173,269		89,020		6,562,477		704,864	
Taxes		355,514		6,648		-		1,480,083		305,210		2,147,455		-	
Due from other governments		2,676,545		2,090,370		-		104,196		-		4,871,111		-	
Due from other funds		4,962,307		2,441,337		1,802,475		-		-		9,206,119		27,509	
Inventories		454,487		74,995		-		358,923		15,876		904,281		431,339	
Prepaid items		23		_			_			6,640		6,663		189,133	
Total Current Assets		20,305,290		19,344,299		3,823,166	_	2,116,671	_	2,146,508		47,735,934		6,855,627	
Noncurrent Assets															
Restricted Assets															
Cash and investments		18,309,054		7,645,397		-		-		-		25,954,451		-	
Plant capacity, current portion		-		3,443,423		-		-		-		3,443,423		-	
Plant capacity, long term		-	:	20,945,442		-		-		-		20,945,442		-	
Pension Asset		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Capital assets															
Land		1,843,341		316,798		-		539,434		2,602,180		5,301,753		32,879	
Construction in progress		7,967,346		866,680		1,407,497		-		-		10,241,523		-	
Intangible assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,623,098	
Land and building improvements		169,298,028	1:	23,338,068		66,561,419		8,799,909		30,602,008		398,599,432		1,954,301	
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		34,415,115		49,905,397		2,036,115		16,117,947		1,256,489		103,731,063		2,799,123	
Less: Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(71,834,174)	(92,457,930)	((40,336,884)	_	(16,829,424)		(19,178,430)		(240,636,842)		(4,595,035)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		159,998,710	_1	14,003,275		29,668,147	_	8,627,866		15,282,247		327,580,245		1,814,366	
Total Assets		180,304,000	1;	33,347,574		33,491,313	_	10,744,537		17,428,755		375,316,179		8,669,993	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
Deferred amounts relating to pension		2,072,830		1,510,678		469,148		_		262,926		4,315,582		1,666,815	
Deferred amounts relating to OPEB		1,965,072		699,816		641,958				321,978		3,628,824		1,000,010	
Deferred amounts relating to OFEB Deferred amounts relating to life insurance		42,013		42,254		3,360		-		2,059		89,686		13,026	
Unamortized loss on refunding				42,204		3,300		-		2,039		·		13,020	
onamonized 1055 on returnality		950,249	-	0.050.740		- 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	_			-		950,249		4 070 044	
		5,030,164		2,252,748		1,114,466	_	<u>-</u>		586,963		8,984,341		1,679,841	

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF NET POSTION As of December 31, 2019

					В	usiness-Type Enterprise								vernmental Activities-
		Water Utility		/astewater Utility	St	orm Water Utility		Belle Urban Transit	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds To			Total	Internal Service Fur	
LIABILITIES														
Current Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$	3,864,431	\$	736,406	\$	118,493	\$	·	\$	69,488	\$	5,086,852	\$	664,189
Accrued liabilities		309,335		437,782		57,492		98,038		139,339		1,041,986		1,644,696
Advances from other funds		123,857		110,775		-		-		-		234,632		-
Compensated absences		42,458		19,179		-		-		-		61,637		-
Other postemployment benefits		1,069,911		370,627		-		-		-		1,440,538		-
Due to other funds		5,999,586		5,646,097		-		3,257,345		354,215		15,257,243		44,438
Liabilities payable from restricted assets														
Accrued interest		556,187		130,619		-		-		-		686,806		
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Unearned capacity revenue, current portion		-		1,147,993		-		-		-		1,147,993		
Current portion of long term debt		4,630,095		6,440,660				<u>-</u>				11,070,755		
Total Current Liabilities		16,595,860		15,040,138		175,985	_	3,653,417	_	563,042		36,028,442		2,353,323
Noncurrent Liabilities														
Compensated absences		572,582		401,320		7,511		44,256		24,557		1,050,226		101,077
Total health OPEB liability		17,150,858		12,795,156		5,392,338		-		3,214,539		38,552,891		-
Net pension liability		780,751		577,468		142,853		-		89,021		1,590,093		554,333
Net life insurance liability		228,312		223,076		18,657		-		11,409		481,454		72,346
Revenue bonds and notes payable		45,097,336		25,759,389		-		-		-		70,856,725		
Advances from other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Unearned capacity revenue				48,468,518								48,468,518		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		63,829,839		88,224,927		5,561,359		44,256		3,339,526		160,999,907		727,756
Total Liabilities		80,425,699	1	03,265,065		5,737,344		3,697,673		3,902,568		197,028,349		3,081,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES														
Unearned property tax revenue		_		_		_		1,480,083		305,210		1,785,293		_
Rate stabilization fund		_		800,000		_		1,400,000		-		800,000		
Deferred amounts relating to OPEB		1,465,339		1,118,148		876,265		_		299,153		3,758,905		
Deferred amounts relating to of EB		61,152		59,907		4,987		_		3,051		129,097		19,339
Deferred amounts related to pension		1,113,221		824,908		216,974		_		125,841		2,280,944		805,532
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,639,712	-	2,802,963		1,098,226		1,480,083		733,255		8,754,239		824,871
		· · · · ·						· · ·		<u> </u>				,
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets		106,837,061		49,315,276		29,668,147		8,627,866		15,282,247		209,730,597		1,814,366
Restricted		2,761,237		7,514,778		29,000,147		0,021,000		13,202,247		10,276,015		1,014,300
Unrestricted (deficit)		(7,329,545)	1	(27,297,760)		(1,897,938)		(3,061,085)		(1,902,352)		(41,488,680)		4,629,518
,	<u> </u>				<u>c</u>				Φ		Φ		<u>¢</u>	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u> </u>	102,268,753	\$	29,532,294	\$	27,770,209	\$	5,566,781	<u>\$</u>	13,379,895	D	178,517,932	\$	6,443,88

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

					Business-Type Enterprise						Governmental Activities-
	 Water Utility		astewater Utility	S	torm Water Utility	Belle Urb Transi		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Totals	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES											
Charges for services	\$ 21,250,659	\$ 1	4,655,297	\$	6,085,830		•	\$ 1,810,514		45,155,260	\$ 29,281,628
Other	 <u>-</u>				3,773		,237	120		10,130	
Total Operating Revenues	 21,250,659	1	4,655,297		6,089,603	1,359	,197	1,810,634	. <u> </u>	45,165,390	29,281,628
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Public Works	10,392,884		9,610,845		2,973,505	9,344	,849	1,042,343		33,364,426	7,121,403
Public Safety	-		-		-		-	280,979		280,979	-
Education and recreation	-		-		963,186		-	766,014		1,729,200	-
General administration	-		-		-		-	-		-	23,927,399
Depreciation	 5,138,998		3,821,877		1,445,721	1,300	,085	995,653		12,702,334	305,942
Total Operating Expenses	 15,531,882	1	3,432,722		5,382,412	10,644	,934	3,084,989	<u> </u>	48,076,939	31,354,744
Operating income (loss)	 5,718,777		1,222,575		707,191	(9,285	<u>,737</u>)	(1,274,355)	(2,911,549)	(2,073,116)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Investment income (loss)	151,167		161,657		81,511		-	41,340		435,675	-
Interest expense	(2,001,081)		(803,969)		(4,210)		-	-		(2,809,260)	-
Intergovernmental interest reimbursement	-		357,832		-		-	-		357,832	-
Plant capacity income	-		1,147,993		-		-	-		1,147,993	-
Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets	-		9,825		(10,827)		-	-		(1,002)	-
Amortization of premiums/discount and refunding loss	128,783		-		-		-	-		128,783	-
Subsidies from other governmental units	-		-		-	5,880	,	-		5,880,305	-
Tax levy	-		-		-	1,276	,319	305,670		1,581,989	-
Household hazardous waste revenue	-		230,582		-		-	-		230,582	-
Household hazardous waste expense	-		(188,013)		-		-	-		(188,013)	-
Other	 - (4.704.404)		15,289			7.450	-			15,289	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 (1,721,131)		931,196		66,474	7,156	,624	347,010	_	6,780,173	

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds								
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Storm Water Utility	Belle Urban Transit	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds		
Income (loss) before capital				()	()		(
contributions and transfers	3,997,646	2,153,771	773,665	(2,129,113)	(927,345)	3,868,624	(2,073,116)		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	3,227,619	-	-	-	-	3,227,619	-		
TRANSFERS IN	53,741	-	-	23,685	366,157	443,583	835,657		
TRANSFERS (OUT)	(3,384,117)	(964,789)				(4,348,906	·		
Change in Net Position	3,894,889	1,188,982	773,665	(2,105,428)	(561,188)	3,190,920	(1,237,459)		
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	98,373,864	28,343,312	26,996,544	7,672,209	13,941,083	175,327,012	7,681,343		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 102,268,753	\$ 29,532,294	\$ 27,770,209	\$ 5,566,781	Nonmaior \$ 13,379,895	\$ 178,517,932	\$ 6,443,884		

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Business-Ty Enterpris	pe Activities- se Funds			Governmental Activities-
	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Belle Urban Transit	Nonmajor Enterprise	Totals	Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Received from customers and users Paid to suppliers for goods and services Paid to employees for services Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	\$ 26,105,788 (5,597,261) (5,962,019) 14,546,508	\$ 16,702,324 (2,322,524) (4,367,534) 10,012,266	\$ 5,129,409 (2,975,556) (2,022,687) 131,166	\$ 1,232,987 (8,928,740) 		\$ 51,283,666 (21,600,953) (12,967,812) 16,714,901	\$ 29,108,250 (25,947,015 (4,748,518 (1,587,283
CASH FLOW FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING	14,040,000	10,012,200	101,100	(1,000,100)	(270,200)	10,714,001	(1,007,200
ACTIVITIES							
	(0.000.070)	(004.700)				(4.005.405)	
Transfer to other funds	(3,330,376)	(964,789)	-	-	-	(4,295,165)	-
Advances retired	(120,628)	(107,887)	-	-	-	(228,515)	-
Principal retired Interest paid on long-term debt	-	(157,254) (6,921)	-	-	-	(157,254) (6,921)	-
Interest paid on long-term debt Interest paid on advances	(4,869)	, ,	-	-	-	(9,224)	_
Funds received from intergovernmental agreement	(4,009)	(4,333)	_	1,324,289	_	1,324,289	
Payments on intergovernmental agreement	(674,542)	(2,090,370)	_	1,324,203	_	(2,764,912)	_
Miscellaneous receipts	(07 1,0 12)	57,858	_	_	_	57,858	_
Operating grants received	_	-	_	5,095,145	_	5,095,145	_
Operating subsidies received - tax levy	-	-	-	1,276,319	305,210	1,581,529	-
Net Cash Flows from Noncapital							
Financing Activities	(4,130,415)	(3,273,718)	-	7,695,753	305,210	596,830	-
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Debt issued	20,000,000	5,413,305	_	_	_	25,413,305	_
Premium on debt issued	1,162,099	2, 110,000				1,162,099	
Debt retired	(4,226,026)	(6,020,076)	-	-	-	(10,246,102)	-
Advances retired	-	-	(93,559)	-	-	(93,559)	-
Interest paid on long-term debt	(1,755,522)	(804,982)	-	-	-	(2,560,504)	-
Interest paid on advances	-	-	(4,210)	-	-	(4,210)	-
Transfer from other funds for capital purposes	-	-	-	23,685	366,157	389,842	835,657
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(11,846,618)	(7,467,311)	(1,606,372)	(23,685)	(354,813)	(21,298,799)	(382,269
REC and other fees received	9,738	-	-	-	-	9,738	-
Intergovernmental interest reimbursement	-	357,832	-	-	-	357,832	-
Proceeds for plant capacity charges	-	3,307,127	-	-	-	3,307,127	-
Capital subsidies received Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	37,323	-	-	-	- 37,323	-
•		31,323				31,323	
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	2 2/2 674	(5 176 792)	(1 704 141)		11 2//	(3 535 000)	<i>1</i> 52 200
and Related Financing Activities	3,343,671	(5,176,782)	(1,704,141)		11,344	(3,525,908)	453,388

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

						Business-Ty Enterpris								overnmental Activities-
		Water	١	Nastewater	S	Stormwater	Е	Belle Urban		Nonmajor				Internal
		Utility	_	Utility		Utility	_	Transit	_	Enterprise	_	Totals	_S	ervice Fund
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES														
Investment income	\$	151,167	\$	161,657	\$	81,511	\$		\$	41,340	\$	435,675	\$	
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		151,167		161,657	_	81,511	_		_	41,340		435,675		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		13,910,931		1,723,423		(1,491,464)		-		78,608		14,221,498		(1,133,895)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year		12,069,905		18,537,367		3,512,155		200	_	1,651,154		35,770,781		6,636,677
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	25,980,836	\$	20,260,790	\$	2,020,691	\$	200	\$	1,729,762	\$	49,992,279	<u>\$</u>	5,502,782
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM														
OPERATING ACTIVITIES														
Operating income (loss)	\$	5,718,777	\$	1,222,575	\$	707,191	\$	(9,285,737)	\$	(1,274,355)	\$	(2,911,549)	\$	(2,073,116)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	Ψ	0,7 10,777	Ψ	1,222,070	Ψ	707,101	Ψ	(0,200,707)	Ψ	(1,27 1,000)	Ψ	(2,011,010)	Ψ	(2,070,110
to Net Cash Flows from operating activities														
Other postemployment benefits		(1,417,458)		(1,026,065)		268,725		-		162,268		(2,012,530)		970,049
Depreciation		5,277,691		3,821,877		1,445,721		1,300,085		995,653		12,841,027		305,942
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows										•				·
Accounts receivable		(1,113,375)		2,156,671		_		(126,209)		22,280		939,367		(188,315
Prepaid items		4,477		2,100,071		_		(120,200)		3,669		8,146		(100,010
Inventories		(16,197)		(6,539)		-		(14,059)		(1,975)		(38,770)		(185,164
Due from other funds		(98,814)		(88,677)		(1,802,475)		-		511		(1,989,455)		(23,142
Pension benefits		1,438,138		1,081,949		(852,767)		-		(284,599)		1,382,721		(818,056
Accounts payable		2,570,803		(377,068)		(59,186)		(13,035)		(41,135)		2,080,379		251,874
Accrued liabilities		21,915		624,217		28,057		16,232		12,538		702,959		401
Deferred Outflows		(879,639)		(331,747)		•		•		-		(1,211,386)		
Deferred Inflows		1,264,986		761,368		396,185		-		82,003		2,504,542		139,644
Deferred revenues		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		1,775,204	_	2,173,705		(285)	_	426,970	_	43,856		4,419,450		32,600
NET CASH FLOWS FROM														
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	14,546,508	\$	10,012,266	\$	131,166	\$	(7,695,753)	\$	(279,286)	\$	16,714,901	\$	(1,587,283)

Proprietary Funds

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds											vernmental Activities-	
		Water Utility	\	Wastewater Utility	_	Stormwater Utility	E	Belle Urban Transit		Nonmajor Enterprise	 Totals	Se	Internal ervice Fund
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH				_						_			
EQUIVALENTS TO THE BALANCE SHEET Cash and investments													
Unrestricted	\$	7,671,782	\$	12,615,393	\$	2,020,691	\$	200	\$	1,729,762	\$ 24,037,828	\$	5,502,782
Restricted		18,309,054		7,645,397							25,954,451		
Total Cash and Investments	\$	25,980,836	\$	20,260,790	\$	2,020,691	\$	200	\$	1,729,762	\$ 49,992,279	\$	5,502,782
NONCASH CAPITAL AND													
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES													
Cost of Capital assets installed													
or financed by developers, customers or the City	\$	3,014,759	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 3,014,759	\$	
Capital assets in accounts payable													
and due to other funds	\$	1,067,043	\$	621,542	\$		\$		\$		\$ 1,688,585	\$	

Fiduciary Fund

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

	Custodial Fund Tax Collecting
ASSETS Cash and investments Property taxes receivable	\$ 37,624,798 12,191,422
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 49,816,220
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to component unit Due to other governments TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ - 280,578 49,535,642 \$ 49,816,220
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$</u>

Fiduciary Fund

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Custodial Fund
	Tax
	Collecting
	Concoung
ADDITIONS	
Tax collections	\$ 39,322,992
	+,- ,
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments to overlying districts	39,322,992
Change in Net Position	
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	
	•
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ -

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Racine, Wisconsin ("the City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Racine. The reporting entity for the city consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending, Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Business Improvement District

The government-wide financial statements include the Downtown Racine Business Improvement District #1, (BID) as a component unit. The BID, created in November 2001, has a separate nine member board appointed by the mayor and approved by the city council. The BID was designed to provide for and promote the continued vitality of the city's downtown business district through an aggressive marketing plan to promote existing businesses and attract new business. The BID has its own independent budgetary authority and assessment capabilities. However, the city can impose its will on the BID as the city must approve the BID operating budget and annual assessment. The city has no responsibility for fund deficits of the BID. As a component unit, the BID's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the city's financial statements. The financial information presented for the BID is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. Separately issued financial statements of the BID may be obtained from the BID office.

Redevelopment Authority

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Racine Redevelopment Authority as a component unit. The Authority is a legally separate organization, created in February 1974, has a separate seven member board appointed by the mayor and approved by the city council. The Redevelopment Authority was created for the purpose of carrying out blight elimination, slum clearance, and urban renewal programs and projects as set forth in section 66.133 of Wisconsin State Statute. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the City can impose its will on the Authority, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the City. As a component unit, the Authority's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In January 2017, the GASB issued statement No. 84 – *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This standard was implemented as of January 1, 2019.

In March 2018, the GASB issued statement No. 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements and establishes additional financial statement note disclosure requirements related to debt obligations of governments, including direct borrowings and direct placements. This standard was implemented January 1, 2019.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The city does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the city or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or proprietary fund that the city's management believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the city's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted and reported in another fund.
- Debt Service Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related cost on long-term debt other than enterprise fund debt.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility – accounts for operations of the water system.

Wastewater Utility – accounts for operations of the sewer system.

Storm Water Utility – accounts for operations of the storm water system.

Belle Urban Transit Fund – accounts for operations of the Belle Urban Transit system.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The city reports the following non-major governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds – used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes (other than debt service or capital projects)

HUD Grants Private Property Maintenance State Grants Sanitary Sewer Maintenance

Federal Grants Health Lab
Other Agency Grants Municipal Court
Loans Cemetery

Special Assessments Recycling
Restricted Library
Room Tax Trusts

Capital Projects Funds – used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

City Projects Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing

Capital Grants Tax Incremental Districts

Equipment Replacement General Obligation Bond Projects

Permanent Funds – used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

Endowment Fund

Enterprise Funds –used to account for and report any activity for which a fee is charged to external uses for goods or services, and must be used for activities which meet certain debt or cost recovering criteria.

Parking Utility Civic Centre Radio Repair Golf Courses

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the city, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Equipment Maintenance Garage Health Insurance Building Complex Information Systems Telephones

Custodial fund is used to account for and report assets held by the city in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collecting

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and unearned revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's Water and Wastewater Utilities, Belle Urban Transit and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the city considers revenues, except for reimbursable intergovernmental grants, to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Reimbursable intergovernmental grants are considered to be available if they are collected within one year of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and unearned revenues. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues. Delinquent special assessments being held by the county are reported as receivables and unavailable revenue.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the city's enterprise funds and the city's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY
 - 1. Deposits, Investments and Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- 1. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- 2. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, or by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- 3. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- 4. The local government investment pool.
- 5. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 6. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- 7. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Investment of most trust funds including cemetery perpetual care funds is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Investment of library trust funds is regulated by Chapter 112. Those sections give broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments including stocks, bonds and debentures.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments. The investment policy seeks to attain the following five goals:

- Safety Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. To this end each investment transaction shall seek to first ensure that capital losses are avoided.
- Legality Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be made in accordance with Federal Law, Wisconsin Revised Statutes (particularly, WISSTATS 34.07, 66.04, 67.11 and 219.05), the Municipal Code of the City of Racine and this Investment Policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits, Investments and Equivalents (cont.)
- 3. Liquidity Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be of sufficient liquidity to meet the cash requirements of the City.
- 4. Yield Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.
- 5. Public Trust Investments by the government of the City of Racine, Wisconsin shall be designed and managed with a degree of professionalism worthy of the public trust.

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note IV. A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2019, the fair value of the city's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these financial statements.

See Note IV.A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in November on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the city, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position – fiduciary fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 2. Receivables (cont.)

Property tax calendar – 2019 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date

Tax bills mailed

November 2019

December 2019

Payment in full, or

First installment due
Second installment due
March 31, 2020
Third installment due
May 31, 2020
Fourth installment due
Personal property taxes in full
Final settlement with County

January 31, 2020
January 31, 2020
August 15, 2020

Tax deed by County – 2019

Delinquent real estate taxes October 2022

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and wastewater utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed.

It is the City's policy to record unavailable revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

3. INVENTORIES AND PREPAID ITEMS

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost based on the weighted average method using the consumption method of accounting. Inventory quantities at December 31, 2019 were determined by physical counts. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average method, and charged to operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of 1 year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. There was no interest capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation and amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation with a half year convention. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Government-Wide Statements (cont.)

Buildings and Building Improvements	10-50	Years
Intangibles	5	Years
Land Improvements	20	Years
Machinery and Equipment, including buses	3-25	Years
Infrastructure:		
Streets, Roads, and Bridges	30-50	Years
Sidewalks	20	Years
Sewer Lines	50	Years
Shoreline Walls	50	Years
Other	15-100	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Assets Held for Resale

Periodically, the city purchases land and buildings for redevelopment and resale. In both the fund financial statements and the government wide statements these items are reported at the lower of cost or market.

7. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

8. Compensated Absences

The City's policy allows employees to earn varying amounts of vacation pay for each year employed. Upon retirement or termination of employment, the employee is entitled to payment in cash for any unused accrued vacation. Sick leave is earned at varying rates based on the union contract. All employees, with the exception of firefighters, earn sick leave at the rate of eight hours per month of full-time service to a maximum of 1,200 hours. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon termination of employment, except upon retirement or death. Upon retirement or death, all employees, with the exception of firefighters, are paid up to a maximum of 560 hours of accumulated sick leave. Firefighters may accrue sick leave to a maximum of 1,340 hours, or 960 hours depending on the class. Upon retirement or death these employees are paid up to a maximum of 670 hours or 480 hours respectively. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In governmental fund financial statements, the cost of vacation and sick leave is recognized when payments are made to employees and liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2019 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

9. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consists primarily of notes and bonds payable, and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The City has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the city. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is \$31,912,669 made up of four issues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

10. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

11. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent bond proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment of \$4,630,926 million for capital assets owned by the business type activities, but financed by the debt of the governmental activities. The amount is a reduction of "net investment of capital assets", and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance and displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

11. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through formal action resolution of the City. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting year, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the city that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are not considered restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the Director of Finance to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

The City has a formal minimum fund balance policy for the general fund. The policy is to maintain an unassigned fund balance of at least 20% of the subsequent year's general fund budgeted expenditures. The unassigned balance at year end was \$20,923,082 or 25%.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

12. Pension and OPEBs

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE I – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 12. Pension and OPEBs (cont.)

For purposes of measuring the total health insurance OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refonds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore, are unearned in the funds". The details of this difference are as follows:

Unearned revenue-loans	\$	4,183,502
Unearned revenue-grants		1,358,236
Unearned revenue-debt service		234,632
Unearned revenue-special assessments		1,632,176
Combined Adjustment for		
Long-Term Assets	\$	7,408,546

Another element of that reconciliation states that "some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds". In addition, interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities—both current and long-term—are reported in the statement of net position. The details of the difference are as follows:

Bonds and notes payable, including premiums	\$ 99,677,390
Compensated absences, not including internal service fund	2,562,832
Unamortized loss on refunding	(828,146)
Accrued interest	 146,686
Combined Adjustment for	
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 101,558,762

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONt.)

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (cont.)

Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The details of this difference are as follows:

Land	\$ 24,863,221
Construction in progress	19,614,360
Other capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	158,838,092
Less: Internal Service Funds capital assets	 (1,814,366)
Combined Adjustment for	
Capital Assets	\$ 201,501,307

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental* funds and *changes in net position of governmental* activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation states that "Governmental funds report the effects of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of the differences are as follows:

Premium received	\$ (1,392,502)
Amortization of loss on refunding and premium (net)	281,337
Unamortized debt premiums/deferred charges	\$ (1,111,165)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Revenues in the governmental funds that are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

Principal paid on economic development loans	\$ (556,159)
Principal paid on debt service loans	(228,515)
State capital grant	131,095
Special assessments collections	 (133,249)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances-total governmental	
funds to arrive at changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (786,828)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Expenditures in the governmental funds that are not reported as expenses in the statement of activities." The net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in Net Position governmental activities of \$2,351,196 represents the net amount of economic development loans made and written off during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.

The city adopted annual governmental fund budgets for the following funds:

General Fund Debt Service

Special Revenue Funds: Capital Projects Funds:

Cemetery Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing
Library General Obligation Bond Projects

Health Lab Equipment Replacement

Private Property Maintenance

Recycling

Sanitary Sewer Maintenance

Municipal Court

Budgets have not been formally adopted for the following funds in their entirety:

Special Revenue Funds:

HUD Grants

State Grants

Other Agency Grants

Federal Grants

Loans

Special Assessments

Restricted Trusts

Capital Project Funds:

City Projects

Capital Grants

Tax Incremental Districts

Permanent Fund:

Endowment Fund

Wisconsin State Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. Appropriation lapse at year-end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year include items encumbered at year-end. Carryovers to the following year were \$9,444,231. The City uses appropriation unit control (salaries and fringe benefits, operating and capital outlay) within department. All modifications/changes to appropriation units, capital outlay items and capital projects require Liaison Committee, Finance Committee and Common Council approval. Supplemental appropriations during the year were \$8,692,197.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

The following appropriation units have an excess of actual expenditures over appropriations for the year ended December 31, 2019:

		Appropriation	
<u>Fund</u>	<u>Department</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	City Administration	Operating Expenditures	\$ 31,818
	Non Departmental	Operating Expenditures	37,044
	Non Departmental	Salaries and Fringes	712,568
	Health	Operating Expenditures	2,877
	Fire	Operating Expenditures	20,208
	Fire	Interdepartmental	2,500
	Police	Salaries and Fringes	98,635
	Public Works	Operating Expenditures	405,627
	Parks	Interdepartmental	33,134
	City Development	Operating Expenditures	68,127
	Assessor	Operating Expenditures	3,507
	Attorney's Office	Operating Expenditures	58,317
Special Revenue Funds:			
Library		Salaries and Fringes	39,332
Library		Capital Outlay	4,211
Recycling		Salaries and Fringes	60,618
Recycling		Operating	96,465
Municipal Court		Operating	1,575
Private Property Mainten	ance	Salaries and Fringes	21,653
Private Property Mainten	ance	Operating	117,901

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end. The Sanitary Sewer Maintenance fund had an \$181,076 deficit balance at year end. The Municipal court fund and the Recycling fun also had deficit balances of \$7,406 and \$508,917 respectively. These deficits will be funded by future charges for services.

D. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The city's deposits and investments at year end comprised of the following:

Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool 41,118,952 Credit Mutual funds-equities 3,920,701 Credit Mutual funds-fixed income 1,671,659 Credit, Interest Rate Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Total investments For statements Per statement of inancial statements Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund 37,624,798 \$164,980,492	Demand deposits Savings deposits Certificates of deposit Petty cash Total deposits	Carrying <u>Value</u> \$ 58,852,811 1,000,579 36,207,355 <u>8,015</u> 96,068,760	1,000,579 36,207,355 -	Associated Risks Custodial credit Custodial credit Custodial credit NA
Mutual funds-equities Mutual funds-fixed income 1,671,659 Credit Credit, Interest Rate Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Total investments 68,911,732 Total Deposits and Investments Per statement of financial statements Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund 37,624,798	Wisconsin Local Government			
Mutual funds-fixed income 1,671,659 Credit, Interest Rate Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Custodial Credit, Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Total investments 68,911,732 Total Deposits and Investments Per statement of interest Rate Credit	Investment Pool	41,118,952		Credit
U.S. Government agency securities-Explicit U.S. Government agency securities-Explicit U.S. Government agency securities-Implicit Total investments Total Deposits and Investments Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit Credit, Custodial Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit, Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Cre	Mutual funds-equities	3,920,701		Credit
U.S. Government agency securities-Explicit U.S. Government agency securities-Implicit Total investments Total Deposits and Investments Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit State, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit State, Concentration of Credit State, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Interest Rate (Inter	Mutual funds-fixed income	1,671,659		•
U.S. Government agency securities-Implicit Total investments 68,911,732 Total Deposits and Investments \$164,980,492 Reconcilation to financial statements Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund 21,022,873 68,911,732 \$100,492 \$100,478,300 \$25,954,451 \$25,954,451	U.S. Government agency securities-Explicit	1,177,547		Interest Rate, Concentration of Credit Credit, Custodial Credit,
Total investments Total Deposits and Investments Reconcilation to financial statements Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund 68,911,732 \$164,980,492 \$100,478,300 \$22,943 \$25,954,451 \$25,954,451	U.S. Government agency securities-Implicit	21.022.873		•
Total Deposits and Investments Reconcilation to financial statements Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund \$164,980,492 \$100,478,300 \$22,943 \$25,954,451 \$25,954,451	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			Great
Reconcilation to financial statements Per statement of net position Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund \$100,478,300 \$22,943 \$25,954,451 \$25,954,451				
Cash and Investments-Primary government Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund \$100,478,300 \$22,943 \$25,954,451 \$25,954,451	Reconcilation to financial statements	ψ104,000,402		
Cash and investments-Component units Restricted cash and investments Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund 922,943 25,954,451 Par statement of fiduciary net position 37,624,798	·	\$100 478 300		
Restricted cash and investments 25,954,451 Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund 37,624,798				
Per statement of fiduciary net position Custodial fund 37,624,798	•	•		
Custodial fund <u>37,624,798</u>				
		37,624,798		
		\$164,980,492		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City.

As of December 31, 2019, the City's carrying value of deposits was \$96,026,839, as compared to bank balances of \$92,140,332. Of the bank balances \$90,467,982 was insured by either federal depository insurance or collateralized by securities held by the bank or its correspondent bank but not in the City's name. \$1,672,350 was uninsured as of December 31, 2019.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of December 31, 2019, the City's carrying value of U.S. Government Agency Securities subject to custodial credit risk was \$22,200,420. Of this investment balance, all amounts were covered by securities held by an agency in the City's name.

Credit Risk for Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

As indicated in Note I, Wisconsin statutes requires municipalities to invest in securities which have a rating that is the highest or second highest rating category assigned by Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's Investor's Service, or other similar nationally recognized rating agency or if that security is senior to, or on a party with, a security of the same issuer which has such a rating.

The City's U.S. Government agencies as of December 31, 2019 were rated Aaa by Moody's Investor's Services and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. As of December 31, 2019, the balance in these types of investments was \$22,200,420. The money market funds are rated A and the mutual funds range from a rating of A – BBB. The City also had investments in the LGIP which is an external pool that is not rated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Concentration of Credit Risk for Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2019, the City's investment portfolio had concentration of investments greater than 5% of the total portfolio as follows:

		Percentage
<u>lssuer</u>	Investment Type	of Portfolio
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. government agency notes	
	and mortgage backed securities	14.98%
Federal Home Loan Bank Corporation	U.S. government agency notes	
	and mortgage backed securities	11.37%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	U.S. government agency notes	
	and mortgage backed securities	68.22%

Interest Rate Risk for Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investments subject to interest rate risk as of December 31, 2019 were as follows:

		Duration
Investment Type	Fair Value	in Years
U.S Government Agency-implicitly guaranteed	\$ 17,467,084	1.66
U.S Government Agency-implicitly guaranteed	3,555,789	0.63
U.S Government Agency-explicitly guaranteed	1,177,547	0.66
Mutual Funds-fixed income	1,671,659	5.03

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Fair Value Hierarchy

The City of Racine categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

>Quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets

Investment Type	Level 1	Level 2	Le	evel 3	<u>Total</u>
Mutual Fund Equities	\$ -	\$ 3,920,701	\$	-	\$ 3,920,701
Mutual Fund Fixed Income	-	1,671,659		-	1,671,659
US Government Agencies	 1,177,547	 21,022,873		-	 22,200,420
Total	\$ 1,177,547	\$ 26,615,233	\$	-	\$ 27,792,780

B. RECEIVABLES

Receivables of the City are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Details relating to the uncollectible amounts are as follows:

						D	elinquent	
	/	Account	Rescue		Loans	F	Personal	
	R	eceivable	Runs	į	Receivable	<u> </u>	Property Property	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$	309,393	\$ 270,208	\$	-	\$	377,467	\$ 957,068
Loan Fund		-	-		1,480,778		-	1,480,778
Other Enterprise		5,785	-		-		-	5,785
Internal Service		5,459	-		-		-	5,459
Other Non-Major Funds		51,422	 					 51,422
	\$	372,059	\$ 270,208	\$	1,480,778	\$	377,467	\$ 2,500,512

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES (cont.)

The following receivable amounts are considered to be long-term receivables:

Special Assessments Delinquent personal	General <u>Fund</u> \$ -	Other Non Major 1,632,176	\$ <u>Total</u> 1,632,176
property taxes Loans and notes	35,494 -	- 4,183,502	35,494 4,183,502
Louis and notes	\$ 35,494		\$ 5,851,172

Governmental funds report unavailable or unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable	Unearned	Total
Property taxes receivable	\$ -	\$ 58,664,456	\$ 58,664,456
Loans receivable	4,183,502	-	4,183,502
Special assessments not yet due	1,632,176	-	1,632,176
Interest on loans and advances	-	342,607	342,607
Due from enterprise for debt service	234,632	-	234,632
Grant receivables	1,358,236		1,358,236
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue			
for Governmental Funds	\$ 7,408,546	\$ 59,007,063	\$ 66,415,609

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long Term Debt Accounts

Redemption	_	Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.
Reserve	_	Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.
Depreciation	-	Used to report resources set aside to fund plant renewals and replacement or make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.
Improvement	-	Used to report proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction.

Equipment Replacement Account

The Wastewater Utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Following is a list of restricted assets for the Water and Wastewater Utility at December 31, 2019:

	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Total
Bond redemption account	\$ 2,517,424	\$ 4,446,754	\$ 6,964,178
Bond reserve account	3,697,351	-	3,697,351
Bond depreciation account	800,000	-	800,000
Equipment replacement account	-	3,198,643	3,198,643
Capital improvement fund	11,294,279	-	11,294,279
Plant capacity receivable	-	24,388,865	24,388,865
Total Restricted Assets	18,309,054	32,034,262	50,343,316
Reconciliation to restricted net position			
Plant capacity receivable reported as unearned revenue	-	(24,388,865)	(24,388,865)
Accrued interest payable	(556, 187)	(130,619)	(686,806)
Unspent bond proceeds	(11,294,279)	-	(11,294,279)
Bond reserve fund financed by bond proceeds	(3,697,351)		(3,697,351)
Restricted Net Position	\$ 2,761,237	\$ 7,514,778	\$ 10,276,015

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized				
Land	\$ 26,062,278	\$ -	\$ 1,199,057	\$ 24,863,221
Construction in progress	14,205,809	10,598,285	5,189,734	19,614,360
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	 40,268,087	10,598,285	6,388,791	44,477,581
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized				
Intangible assets	1,492,200	130,898	-	1,623,098
Land improvements	11,994,396	904,015	-	12,898,411
Buildings	49,905,851	836,815	306,714	50,435,952
Machinery and equipment	41,106,438	2,912,724	924,424	43,094,738
Roads, streets, and bridges	178,259,634	2,074,124	247,781	180,085,977
Sidewalks	55,091,103	658,601	69,860	55,679,844
Sewer lines	46,807,341	976,308	98,704	47,684,945
Shoreline walls and other	 23,828,121	212,460		 24,040,581
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized	 408,485,084	8,705,945	1,647,483	 415,543,546
Less: accumulated depreciation/amortization for				
Intangible assets	910,068	123,287	-	1,033,355
Land improvements	9,491,206	576,398	-	10,067,604
Buildings	28,165,133	1,931,157	258,202	29,838,088
Machinery and equipment	31,176,946	2,632,478	924,424	32,885,000
Roads, streets, and bridges	95,231,470	4,993,901	244,203	99,981,168
Sidewalks	46,985,869	921,105	69,860	47,837,114
Sewer lines	21,557,883	880,222	98,704	22,339,401
Shoreline walls and other	 12,048,699	675,025		 12,723,724
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	 245,567,274	12,733,573	1,595,393	 256,705,454
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated/Amortized, Net	 162,917,810	(4,027,628)	52,090	 158,838,092
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 203,185,897	\$ 6,570,657	\$ 6,440,881	\$ 203,315,673

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

General government	\$ 673,404
Education and recreation	1,775,036
Public works, which includes infrastructure	8,945,257
Public safety	 1,339,876
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 12,733,573

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 5,084,905	\$ 216,848	\$ -	\$ 5,301,753
Construction in progress	9,502,191	9,498,431	8,759,099	10,241,523
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	14,587,096	9,715,279	8,759,099	15,543,276
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	9,973,000	-	-	9,973,000
Improvements other than buildings	219,474,347	7,206,711	369,520	226,311,538
Buildings	149,854,856	12,560,919	100,881	162,314,894
Machinery and equipment	103,796,798	1,676,990	1,742,725	103,731,063
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	483,099,001	21,444,620	2,213,126	502,330,495
Less: accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	6,851,865	339,282	-	7,191,147
Improvments other than buildings	78,839,184	3,775,700	369,520	82,245,364
Buildings	73,080,390	3,860,363	100,881	76,839,872
Machinery and equipment	71,183,679	4,865,680	1,688,900	74,360,459
Total Accumulated Depreciation	229,955,118	12,841,025	2,159,301	240,636,842
Total Capital Assets				
Depreciated, Net	253,143,883	8,603,595	53,825	261,693,653
Business-Type Activites				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 267,730,979	\$ 18,318,874	\$ 8,812,924	\$ 277,236,929

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Water	\$ 5,277,689
Wastewater	3,821,877
Stormwater	1,445,721
Belle Urban Transit	1,300,085
Other	 995,653
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 12,841,025

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity capital asset additions to accumulated depreciation because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocations, or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Total
General Fund	Enterprise Fund-Transit	\$ 3,257,345
General Fund	Enterprise Fund-Civic Center	354,215
General Fund	Internal Service Fund-Information Systems	22,600
General Fund	Wastewater Utility	375,260
General Fund	Water Utility	1,566,093
General Fund	Special Revenue-HUD Grants	409,491
General Fund	Special Revenue-State Grants	749,355
General Fund	Special Revenue-Federal Grants	352,868
General Fund	Special Revenue-Trusts	12,785
General Fund	Special Revenue-Recycling	410,965
General Fund	Permanent Funds	-
General Fund	Capital Projects-Capital grants	316,462
General Fund	Capital Projects-City Projects	1,146,214
Debt Service Fund	Water Utility	264
Debt Service Fund	Wastewater Utility	235
Wastewater Utility	Internal Service Fund-Building Complex	21,742
Wastewater Utility	Water Utility	806,665
Wastewater Utility	General Fund	1,612,930
Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	850,529
Water Utility	Special Revenue-Restricted	1,806,424
Water Utility	General Fund	2,305,258
Water Utility	Internal Service Fund-Building Complex	96

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Total
Capital Projects-City Projects	Wastewater Utility	4,410,229
Internal Service Fund-Equipment Maint.	Water Utility	10,038
Internal Service Fund-Equipment Maint.	Wastewater Utility	2,216
Internal Service Fund-Building Complex	Water Utility	7,627
Internal Service Fund-Building Complex	Wastewater Utility	7,628
Enterprise-Storm Water	Water Utility	1,802,475
Other Enterprise-Radio Tower	Water Utility	51
Special Revenue-Restricted	Water Utility	1,806,424
Special Revenue-Library	Wastewater Utility	 6
Subtotal-Fund Financial Statements		24,433,039
Less: Fund eliminations		(6,889,015)
Less: Government-wide eliminations		 (23,595,148)
		\$ (6,051,124)

The principal purpose of these interfunds is to fund overdrafts on pooled cash. In addition, the balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

All amounts are due within one year except for \$5,030,815 of funds owed to the general fund from other City funds. This amount is included in nonspendable fund balance in the general fund as a non current receivable.

For the statement of net position, interfund balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

The Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing fund is advancing funds to several TID's to cover the shortfall in each TID. The fund is charging interest at the City's blended investment rate and a repayment schedule has not been determined. A repayment schedule has been established for the advances to the Water and Wastewater Utility based on their percentage of the pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

				Am	ount Due
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	Withi	n One Year
Debt Service Fund	Wastewater Utility	\$	110,775	\$	110,775
Debt Service Fund	Water Utility		123,857		123,857
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #23		14,500		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #22		18,500		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #20		3,566		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #19		288,812		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #18		6,965,839		-
Intergovernmental Revenue Sharing	Tax Increment District #16		206,498		<u>-</u>
Subtotal-Fund financial statements		\$	7,732,347	\$	234,632
Less: fund eliminations		(7,497,715)		
Total advance to other funds-governmer	nt wide statements	\$	234,632		

Repayment schedules for advances with an established payment schedule follow:

		Water Utility		Wastewater Utility	
2020	\$	125,436	\$	112,187	
Sub-total		125,436		112,187	
Amount representing interest		(1,579)		(1,412)	
	\$	123,857	\$	110,775	

For the statement of Net Position, interfund advance balances which are owed within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES, ADVANCES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From		Amount	
General Fund	Enterprise - Water	\$	1,577,693	
General Fund	Enterprise - Wastewater		911,048	
General Fund	Special Revenue-Loans	al Revenue-Loans 1		
General Fund	Special Revenue-HUD Grants		51,252	
General Fund	Special Revenue-Restricted	12,500		
Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects-TID	1,131,987		
Capital Projects-City Projects	Special Revenue-Special Assessment	1,616,789		
Enterprise-Transit	Capital Projects - General Obligation	23,685		
Enterprise-Civic Centre	Capital Projects - General Obligation		366,157	
Enterprise - Water	Enterprise - Wastewater		53,741	
Internal Service-Information Systems	Capital Projects - General Obligation		775,657	
Internal Service-Information Systems	General Fund		60,000	
Special Revenue-Loans	Special Revenue-HUD Grants		520,003	
Special Revenue-Loans	Capital Projects-TID		717,631	
Special Revenue-Restricted	Enterprise - Water		1,806,424	
Special Revenue-Restricted	Special Revenue-HUD Grants		28,321	
Special Revenue-State Grants	General Fund		40,478	
Special Revenue-Restricted	Capital Projects-Intergovernmental		107,057	
Special Revenue-Sanitary Sewer	Capital Projects-General Obligation		400,000	
Subtotal-fund financial statements			10,394,490	
Less: Fund eliminations			(5,709,483)	
Add: Government wide eliminations			(779,684)	
		\$	3,905,323	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Conoral Obligation		Beginning Balance		Increases	<u>!</u>	Decreases_		Ending <u>Balance</u>	ı	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation	•	04.070.000	•	04 045 000	•	00 070 000	•	00 045 000	•	44 405 000
Bonds and notes payable	\$	94,270,000	\$	31,345,000	\$	32,970,000	\$	92,645,000	\$	14,185,000
Premiums		6,348,649		1,392,502		708,761		7,032,390		-
Sub-total		100,618,649		32,737,502		33,678,761		99,677,390		14,185,000
Other Liabilities										
Vested compensated absences		2,470,913		505,151		312,155		2,663,909		302,390
Total health OPEB liability		291,940,187		15,674,824		36,913,794		270,701,217		-
Net life insurance OPEB liability		2,218,402		-		238,899		1,979,503		-
Net pension liability			_	15,188,341		-		15,188,341	_	-
Total Other Liabilities		296,629,502		31,368,316		37,464,848		290,532,970	_	302,390
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	397,248,151	\$	64,105,818	\$	71,143,609	\$	390,210,360	\$	14,487,390

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts Due Within
	<u>Balance</u>	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Bonds and notes payable					
Revenue bonds	\$ 64,511,718	\$ 25,413,305	\$ 10,403,356	\$ 79,521,667	\$ 10,795,827
Premiums	 1,518,600	1,162,099	274,886	2,405,813	274,928
Sub-total	66,030,318	26,575,404	10,678,242	81,927,480	11,070,755
Other Liabilities					
Vested compensated absences	1,146,552	152,661	187,350	1,111,863	61,637
Total health OPEB liability	43,492,249	2,706,813	6,205,633	39,993,429	1,440,538
Net life insurance OPEB liability	567,132	-	85,678	481,454	-
Net pension liability		1,590,093		1,590,093	
Total Other Liabilities	 45,205,933	4,449,567	6,478,661	43,176,839	1,502,175
Total Business Type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 111,236,251	\$ 31,024,971	\$ 17,156,903	\$ 125,104,319	\$ 12,572,930

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2019, was \$185,948,525. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$92,645,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Type/Series	Date of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original <u>Indebtedness</u>	Outstanding 12/31/2019
General Obligation Bonds					
2012	12/27/2012	12/27/2026	2.00-4.00%	9,830,000	\$ 5,930,000
2013	11/06/2013	12/10/2027	2.00-4.00	26,450,000	6,475,000
2013	12/02/2013	12/2/2020	1.75-5.00	4,450,000	1,275,000
2014	12/09/2014	12/9/2028	2.00-4.00	15,395,000	10,285,000
2015	12/07/2015	12/7/2029	2.00-3.00	11,130,000	7,575,000
2016	12/07/2016	12/7/2030	2.00-4.00	11,915,000	8,390,000
2017	12/05/2017	12/5/2031	3.00-5.00	19,145,000	15,870,000
2018	12/11/2018	12/11/2032	4.00-5.00	9,720,000	8,235,000
2019	12/20/2019	12/20/2033	3.00-5.00	13,390,000	13,390,000
					77,425,000
Taxable General Obligation Bonds					
2010	11/24/2010	12/1/2024	0.85-4.70	9,850,000	3,270,000
2011	10/25/2011	10/25/2020	0.55-2.55	12,925,000	2,110,000
2019	10/01/2019	10/1/2023	3.0	2,690,000	2,690,000
					8,070,000
Taxable Incremental General Obligat	ion Debt				
2014 (Tif #10)	12/09/2014	12/9/2028	2.00-4.00	2,280,000	1,765,000
2015 (Tif #11)	09/08/2015	12/1/2025	1.00-3.10	1,410,000	950,000
2018 (Tif #18)	12/11/2018	12/11/2021	3.5	3,500,000	3,500,000
2019 (Tif #9)	10/01/2019	10/1/2021	3.0	935,000	935,000
					7,150,000
Total Governmental Activities-Genera	al Obligation	Debt			\$ 92,645,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt					
<u>Years</u>	Principal Interest	Total				
2020	\$ 14,185,000 \$ 3,445,9	88 \$ 17,630,988				
2021	10,970,000 3,031,7	93 14,001,793				
2022	9,700,000 2,676,1	33 12,376,133				
2023	12,860,000 2,287,3	60 15,147,360				
2024	8,060,000 1,772,9	50 9,832,950				
2025-2029	28,235,000 4,585,3	20 32,820,320				
2030-2033	8,635,000 608,9	9,243,950				
Totals	<u>\$ 92,645,000</u> <u>\$ 18,408,49</u>	94 \$ 111,053,494				

Debt Refunding

On October 1, 2019, the City issued \$3,625,000 in general obligation refunding bonds, with an interest rate of 3%. The bonds were used to current refund \$2,760,000 of 2009 Taxable General Obligation Bonds (BABS) and \$950,000 if 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$4,132,083 from 2019 through 2023. The cash flow requirements on the general obligation refunding bonds are \$3,890,775 from 2019 through 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt

Revenue Debt

Revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the Water and Wastewater Utilities.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2019 consists of the following:

		Final		Original		Balance
	Date of	Maturity	Interest	Indebted-	O	utstanding
Type/Series	<u>lssue</u>	<u>Date</u>	Rates	ness	<u>1</u> :	2/31/2019
Water Utility						
Safe Drinking Water Loan	12/22/2004	5/1/2024	2.37%	16,666,035	\$	5,164,308
Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds	10/25/2011	9/1/2021	2.00-4.50	6,500,000		660,000
Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds	7/10/2012	9/1/2024	2.00-4.00	14,140,000		7,550,000
Safe Drinking Water Loan	5/27/2015	5/1/2035	1.65	1,708,229		1,542,310
Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds	9/8/2015	9/1/2026	2.00-4.00	6,590,000		4,745,000
Mortgage Revenue Refunding Bonds	9/7/2016	9/1/2021	2.00-3.00	3,725,000		1,525,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	12/28/2017	9/1/2031	3.00-5.00	6,135,000		6,135,000
Mortgage Revenue Bonds	2/19/2019	9/1/2039	3.00-5.00	20,000,000		20,000,000
Total Water Utility						47,321,618
Wastewater Utility						
Clean Water Fund Loans	9/27/2000	5/1/2020	2.970	805,113		52,410
Clean Water Fund Loans	4/10/2002	5/1/2021	2.750	4,073,012		537,449
Clean Water Fund Loans	12/22/2004	5/1/2021	2.860	17,943,748		3,555,506
Clean Water Fund Loans	11/27/2002	5/1/2022	2.867	60,724,848		12,681,769
Clean Water Fund Loans	1/23/2008	5/1/2027	2.480	3,481,931		1,605,812
Clean Water Fund Loans	3/24/2010	5/1/2029	2.200	2,524,712		1,489,717
Clean Water Fund Loans	5/23/2018	5/1/2038	1.870	521,526		499,782
Clean Water Fund Loans	6/27/2018	5/1/2038	1.870	13,088,291		11,777,604
Total Wastewater Utility						32,200,049
Total Business-Type Revenue Deb	t				\$	79,521,667

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

	 Revenue Debt						
<u>Years</u>	 Principal		Interest		Total		
2020	\$ 10,795,827	\$	2,425,081	\$	13,220,908		
2021	11,063,833		2,115,155		13,178,988		
2022	10,264,852		1,791,994		12,056,846		
2023	4,848,119		1,566,903		6,415,022		
2024	5,003,407		1,409,662		6,413,069		
2025-2029	14,989,867		5,108,594		20,098,461		
2030-2034	11,536,669		2,766,458		14,303,127		
2035-2039	 11,019,093		1,045,309		12,064,402		
	\$ 79,521,667	\$	18,229,156	\$	97,750,823		

The Utilities issue revenue bonds, safe drinking water loans and clean water fund loans that are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the Water and Wastewater Utilities.

The Water Utility has pledged future customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$77.7 million in water system revenue bonds issued between 2004 and 2019. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for various extension, replacement, repair and improvement projects throughout the water treatment and distribution system and acquiring equipment, and refunding. The bonds are payable solely from water customer net revenues and are payable through 2039. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 75% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$62,186,598. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$5,981,548 and \$11,221,802, respectively.

The Wastewater Utility has pledged future customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$103.2 million in clean water fund loans issued between 2000 and 2018. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of certain projects in the wastewater treatment system. The loans are payable solely from wastewater customer net revenues and are payable through 2038. Annual principal and interest payments on the loans are expected to require less than 90% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$35,564,225. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total revenues were \$6,989,233 and \$9,092,332, respectively.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures and loan agreements. With the exception of the violation noted above, the Utility believes they are in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions, including federal arbitrage regulations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences, net pension liability and other postemployment benefits are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

A statutory mortgage lien upon the City's utility system and any additions, improvements and extensions thereto is created by Section 66.066 of the Wisconsin Statutes as provided for in the ordinances creating the revenue bond issue. The City's system and the earnings of the system remain subject to the lien until payment in full of the principal and interest on the bonds.

Defeasance of Debt

The City has defeased certain general obligation notes and bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old notes and bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased notes and bonds are not included in the City's financial statements. At December 31, 2019, \$8,080,000 of bonds outstanding is considered defeased. The bonds are callable in 2020.

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

The Wastewater Utility leases a parcel of land from the Racine Commercial Airport Corporation. The lease, which is for 50 years expiring in 2052, is classified as an operating lease. Lease payments are the greater of \$35,000 adjusted annually for inflation or half of the property taxes levied on the Airport's real property. Rent expense for the lease was \$49,824 in 2019.

Future minimum payments for the next five years under the lease:

2020	\$	35,000
2021		35,000
2022		35,000
2023		35,000
2024		35,000
Thereafter		945,000
	\$_	1,120,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at December 31, 2019 includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net Investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 203,315,673
Less: related long-term debt outstanding	(85,904,074)
Plus: funds borrowed but not spent	 8,936,334
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	 126,347,933
Restricted for	
Debt service	488,997
Permanent Funds	
Non Expendable	964,701
Expendable	1,588,375
Library	174,044
Loan programs	6,457,661
Tax incremental districtes	12,982,216
Intergovernmental revenue sharing	11,252,691
Federal and State grant programs	1,026,067
Trusts	3,944,712
Health and other	781,506
Special assessment program	 2,444,028
Total Restricted	 42,104,998
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (244,975,562)
Total Governmental Activities Net Positions	\$ (76,522,631)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-Type Activities

Net investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 277,236,929
Less: related long-term debt outstanding	 (67,506,332)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	 209,730,597
Restricted for	
Debt Service	6,277,372
Depreciation Fund	800,000
DNR equipment replacement fund	 3,198,643
Total Restricted	 10,276,015
Unrestricted (deficit)	(41,488,680)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 178,517,932

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2019 include the following:

				No	nmajor		Total
	General		ebt	Governmental		Governmental	
	 Fund	Se	rvice	F	unds		Funds
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable							
Non current receivables	\$ 5,030,815	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,030,815
Inventories	470,501		-		-		470,501
Prepaid Items	104,336		-		-		104,336
Deposit in CVMIC	 2,962,500						2,962,500
	 8,568,152		-		_		8,568,152
Restricted for:							
Loan program	-		-	2,	455,507		2,455,507
Debt service	-	40	1,050		-		401,050
HUD grant programs	-		-		262,526		262,526
State grant programs	-		-		978		978
Federal grant programs	-		-		524,966		524,966
Special assessment program	-		-		811,852		811,852
Public safety	-		-		581,439		581,439
Health services	-		-		37,061		37,061
Cemetery donations	-		-		102,553		102,553
Park and recreation programs	-		-		60,453		60,453
Trusts	-		-	3,	944,711		3,944,711
Library services	-		-		174,044		174,044
Tax incremental districts	-		-	12,	965,096		12,965,096
Revenue sharing	-		-	11,	252,691		11,252,691
Endowments	 -		-	2,	553,076		2,553,076
	 -	40	1,050	35,	726,953	-	36,128,003

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Funds (cont.)

			Nonmajor	Total
	General	Debt	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Service	Funds	Funds
Committed to:				
Harbor Commission	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,851	\$ 220,851
Fire Prevention	-	-	33,660	33,660
Racine Safe Neighborhood	-	-	9,116	9,116
Sister Cities	-	-	18,440	18,440
Comm Center Concessions	-	-	32,582	32,582
Landmark Preservation	-	-	4,296	4,296
Open Space Park Land	-	-	11,689	11,689
Cemetery	-	-	376,760	376,760
City Projects	-	-	2,841,615	2,841,615
Private Property Maintenance	-	-	641,344	641,344
Health Lab	-	-	98,506	98,506
Room Tax	-	-	198,311	198,311
Equipment Replacement	-	-	1,268,134	1,268,134
Capital projects	-	-	7,668,200	7,668,200
			13,423,504	13,423,504
Assigned to:				
Budget Stabilization	1,465,586	-	-	1,465,586
Wage Provision	3,191,529	-	-	3,191,529
Economic Development	-	-	127,587	127,587
	4,657,115		127,587	4,784,702
Unassigned (deficit)	20,923,082		(697,399)	20,225,683
Total Fund Balances	\$ 34,148,349	\$ 401,050	\$ 48,580,645	\$ 83,130,044

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS

This report contains the Downtown Racine Business Improvement District #1 (BID) and the Racine Redevelopment Authority, which are included as component units. Financial information is presented as a discrete column in the statement of Net Position and statement of activities.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

CITY OF RACINE REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The Redevelopment Authority follows the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus.

b. Transactions with the Primary Government

At December 31, 2019, the Redevelopment Authority has advances from the City in the amount of \$2,286,585. There has been no amortization schedule established.

c. Assets Held for Resale

The Authority obtains land and buildings to redevelop and resale. All assets are recorded at lower of cost or market. Donated assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation. The Authority's assets are being held for resale and are therefore not depreciable.

At December 31, 2019 the Authority had assets held for resale of \$5,622,831.

d. Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2019, the carrying value and bank balance of the Redevelopment Authority's deposits are \$881,022. These monies are commingled with other City funds and therefore FDIC coverage is not able to be determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE IV – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNITS (cont.)

DOWNTOWN RACINE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT #1 (BID)

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The BID follows the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of current financial resources measurement focus.

b. Transactions with the Primary Government

At December 31, 2019, the BID has a receivable of \$197,578 from the City's tax collection fund for the entire subsequent year's annual assessment.

c. Cash and Investments

At December 31, 2019, the carrying value of the BID's deposits is \$41,921, respectively. Of that balance all was covered by federal depository insurance.

d. Capital Assets

The BID's capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over five to ten years.

At December 31, 2019, the District had capital assets with a cost of \$14,232 and accumulated depreciation of \$14,232. The District's net book value of capital assets was \$-0-. There were no current year additions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All eligible employees participate in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer prior to July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 600 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS. EFT is responsible for administration of the WRS and State of Wisconsin Investment Board (SWIB) is responsible for managing WRS investments.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits. The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2009	(2.1)%	(42)%
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4
2018	2.4	17.0

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$4,791,544 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General	6.7%	6.7%
Executives & Elected Officials	6.7%	6.7%
Protective with Social Security	6.7%	10.7%
Protective without Social Security	6.7%	14.9%

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2019, the city reported a liability of \$16,778,434 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to December 31, 2019. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The city's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the city's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2019, the city's proportion was .47161079%, which was an increase of .01094369% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the city recognized pension expense of \$11,929,729.

At December 31, 2019, the city reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	13,067,859	\$	23,099,276
Changes of actuarial assumptions		2,828,230		-
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		24,503,752		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		204,296		32,466
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		5,503,715		-
		_		_
Total	\$	46,107,852	\$	23,131,742

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

\$5,503,715 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	Deferre	ed Outflow (inflow)
December 31:	of R	desources (net)
2020	\$	6,404,406
2021		1,607,563
2022		2,753,768
2023		6.706.658

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2018
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability	December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Market Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	7.0%
Discount Rate:	7.0%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	1.9%*

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.9% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2017. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, wage inflation rate, mortality and separation rates. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2018 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term	
Current Asset	Expected Rate of	Long-Term Real
Allocation %	Return %	Rate of Return
49%	8.1%	5.5%
24.5	4.0	1.5
15.5	3.8	1.3
9	6.5	3.9
8	9.4	6.7
4	6.7	4.1
110	7.3	4.7
	Allocation % 49% 24.5 15.5 9 8 4	Current Asset Allocation % Expected Rate of Return % 49% 8.1% 24.5 4.0 15.5 3.8 9 6.5 8 9.4 4 6.7

		Long-Term	
	Current Asset	Expected Rate	Long-Term Real
Variable Fund Asset Class	Allocation %	of Return %	Rate of Return
US Equities	70%	7.6%	5.0%
International Equities	30	8.5	5.9
Total Variable Fund	100	8.0	5.4

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% and a long term bond rate of 3.71%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.00% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.90% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (6.00%)	Current Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (8.00%)
The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$66,679,252</u>	<u>\$16,778,434</u>	\$(20,326,695)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://eft.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RACINE TRANSIT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

The Transit System's union employees participate in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The Plan provides for retirement and related benefits for eligible employees of contributing employers that are signatory to collective bargaining agreements with local unions accepted by the Trustees of the Fund.

The Transit System makes contributions to the Fund, on behalf of their employee participants, at rates specified in their collective bargaining agreement. Contributions to the plan were \$932,744, \$803,424, and \$864,664, for the years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 respectively. The following table shows the rate charged per week for each contract year:

Contract Period	Rate per week
July 1, 2019 – June 30, 2020	\$254
July 1, 2018 – June 30, 2019	244
July 1, 2017 – June 30, 2018	235
July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2017	226

The Plan provides several pension benefits. Benefit levels are generally based on the participant's contribution levels, length of vested service and age. Generally, at least 10 years of service are required to be eligible for any benefit level. The Plan's principal benefit has been a "20-Year Service Pension", which is available to participants who attain age 57 and have twenty years of service credits. Greater benefits apply to participants who accumulate 25, 30 or 35 years of contributory credit.

Under certain conditions, partial pensions are available at reduced amounts where participation has been divided between the Plan and other pension plans that have reciprocal agreements with the Fund. The Plan also provides for a monthly disability benefit, a lump-sum disability benefit and various death benefits.

The amount shown as the "pension benefit obligation" below, is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date and applying other significant assumptions regarding mortality rates, age of retirement, and rates of termination for reasons other than death or retirement. The measure is intended to help users assess the funding status of the Plan on a going-concern basis, and to assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The Plan does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for separate employers.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

B. RACINE TRANSIT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN (cont.)

FUNDED PERCENTAGE

The funded percentage of a plan is a measure of how well that plan is funded. This percentage is obtained by dividing the Plan's assets by its liabilities on the valuation date for the plan year. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and 2 preceding plan years is set forth in the chart below, along with a statement of the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

	2019	2018	2017
Valuation Date	January 1, 2019	January 1, 2018	January 1, 2017
Funded Percentage	24.8%	27.2%	37.80%
Value of Assets	\$13,163,329,735	\$14,636,917,318	\$15,591,062,869
Value of Liabilities	\$52,986,860,755	\$53,716,610,057	\$41,246,553,973

FAIR MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

Asset values in the chart above are actuarial values, not market values. Market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan's funded status as of a given point in time. However, because market values can fluctuate daily based on factors in the marketplace, such as changes in the stock market, pension law allows plans to use actuarial values for funding purposes. While actuarial values fluctuate less than market values, they are estimates. Below are the fair market values (FMVs) of the Plan's assets for each respective year.

	2019	2018		2017
FMV of Plan Assets	\$ 12,309,907,060	\$	13,168,043,720	\$ 15,011,652,100

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The City is self-insured for medical coverage and workers compensation at December 31, 2019. The City purchases general and automobile liability insurance from the Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company. The City purchases commercial insurance for property and casualty claims. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage for any risk of loss in the past year and settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Self Insurance

For health care claims, the City has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of \$250,000 per member incurred in the calendar year. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

For workers compensation claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$350,000 per incident for a policy year. The City has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of those amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

All funds of the City participate in the risk management program. Amounts payable to the general fund are based on actuarial estimates of the amounts necessary to pay prior and current year claims.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Claims Liability

	Current	Prior Year
Unpaid claims – Beginning of Year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 1,684,926 15,824,203 (15,627,485)	\$ 1,356,163 15,328,512 (14,999,749)
Unpaid Claims – End of Year	\$ 1,881,644	\$ 1,684,926

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Public Entity Risk Pool

Wisconsin Municipal Insurance Commission (WMIC)
Cities and Villages Mutual Insurance Company (CVMIC)

The WMIC is an intergovernmental cooperation commission created by contract under Section 66.30 of the Wisconsin Statutes. It was created in August, 1987 for the purpose of facilitating the organization, establishment and capitalization of the CVMIC, and has numerous cities and villages as members.

The CVMIC is a municipal mutual insurance company established on September 14, 1987 under Section 611.23 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The CVMIC provides liability insurance coverage to the cities and villages which make up the membership of the WMIC.

The CVMIC is self-insured up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 of each insurance risk. Losses paid by CVMIC plus administrative expenses will be recovered through premiums to the participating pool of municipalities.

Member equity ownership attributable to the WMIC bonds (\$25 million) is based on the amount of the bond the member delivered in proportion to the bonds delivered by all members. The City's percentage participation in WMIC and CVMIC at December 31, 2019 was 11.85% or \$2,962,500. This amount has been recorded as a deposit in CVMIC in the City's general fund.

Management of each organization consists of a board of directors or officers comprised of representatives elected by each of three classes of participants based on population. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the agencies beyond the election of the officers and board.

Financial statements of WMIC and CVMIC are available from: Cities and Village Mutual Insurance Company, 1250 South Sunnyslope Road, Suite 105, Brookfield, WI 53005.

The City pays an annual premium to the mutual for its general liability insurance, which provides coverage up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence, less the City's retained liability. The City's retained liability is limited to \$225,000 per occurrence and an annual aggregate limit of \$750,000. An actuarially determined estimate has been recorded for this liability, as well as for claims incurred but not reported at December 31, 2019. A total liability of \$1,162,704 at December 31, 2019 was recorded as claims payable in the governmental activities column of government-wide statement of Net Position. Changes in the fund's claims loss liability follow:

	Beginning Balance	Incurred Claims	Claims Paid/ Settled	Ending Balance
2019	\$ 1,129,093	1,477,253	1,443,642	\$ 1,162,704
2018	1,167,840	1,072,214	1,110,961	1,129,093

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont.)

Public Entity Risk Pool (cont.)

Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin (TMI)

The Transit Mutual Insurance Corporation of Wisconsin is a joint venture of Wisconsin municipalities which have joined together for the managing and funding of the first party property losses and third party liability claims of its member municipalities mass transit funds.

In 2019, TMI issued a Motor Vehicle Insurance Policy to its members with the following available coverages:

Liability	\$0 per person, \$10,000,000 per accident, 0 deductible
Uninsured Motorists	\$ 25,000 per person, \$50,000 per accident, 0 deductible
Physical damage	Collision and Comprehensive – "Agreed value, or Cost of Repairs, whichever is less, minus \$ 500 flat deductible per accident for all private passenger &
	service units, \$1,000 flat deductible per accident for all bus units

TMI retains \$500,000 per occurrence (accident) of the liability limits and cedes \$9,500,000 to General Reinsurance Corporation. TMI retains \$500,000 per occurrence (accident) of the physical damage limits and cedes the balance up to \$9,500,000 to General Reinsurance Corp.

Management consists of a board of directors comprised of one representative for each member. The municipality does not exercise any control over the activities of the agency beyond its representation on the board of directors.

Initial contributions are determined in advance of each membership year. The board of directors may require that supplemental contributions be made by members to ensure adequate funds are available to meet the obligations applicable to the membership year. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. The city's share of this joint venture is 9.51% for auto liability and 20.21% for physical damage liability. A list of the other members is in the TMI report, which can be obtained directly from TMIC's offices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

D. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City Attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The City borrowed for the purpose of making various capital improvements. These monies as well as other revenue sources are reflected in the capital projects funds. Work that has been completed but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures. The balance of contract amounts plus open purchase orders is \$3,787,720.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

HEALTH INSURANCE

The City provides post employment health care and life benefits to retired employees and their dependents. The benefits can vary, depending upon the age and years of service of the retiree. Depending on the union contract, the City pays 100 percent of the health care costs for employees who retire with a combination of age and years of service between 75 and 80 years. The City also pays 100 percent of the Medicare premiums for those individuals. Life insurance premiums are paid to age 65 for those individuals who retire prior to age 65 and qualify as defined above. Required contributions range from 0%-10% based on labor negotiations and retirement date.

The City of Racine administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides health insurance benefits for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through collective bargaining agreements, personnel policy guidelines, or past practice and state that eligible retirees and their spouses receive lifetime healthcare insurance at established contribution rates. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report

Contribution requirements are established through collective bargaining agreements and may be amended only through negotiations between the City and the union. The City makes the same monthly health insurance contribution on behalf of the retiree as it makes on behalf of all other active employees during that year. The amount of the City's contribution ranges from 92.5-100% based on the employee's year of retirement and bargaining unit. For fiscal year 2019, the City contributed \$10,478,991 to the plan. Eligible plan member contributions vary based on the specific collective bargaining agreement. Plan member contributions range from 0-10% of their premium costs. For fiscal year 2019, total retiree member contributions were \$427,420.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The City's total OPEB liability of \$310,694,646 was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date and rolled forward to December 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Interest Discount Rate-Based on Bond Buyer 20-Year Bond Index Mortality-Based on the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table Employee Turnover/Withdrawal Annual Medical Trends Salary Adjustment Factors

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the years 2012-2014. This information was rolled forward to determine the valuation as of December 31, 2019.

Changes in the Total Health OPEB liability

Balance at December 31, 2018	Governmental <u>Activities</u> \$291,940,187	Business Type <u>Activities</u> \$43,492,249	<u>Total</u> \$335,432,436
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	5,774,719	1,013,250	6,787,969
Interest	9,900,105	1,693,563	11,593,668
Diffferences between expected and actual experience	(1,500,584)	(34,569)	(1,535,153)
Changes in assumption or other input	(26,677,205)	(4,428,078)	(31,105,283)
Benefit payments	(8,736,005)	(1,742,986)	(10,478,991)
Net changes	(21,238,970)	(3,498,820)	(24,737,790)
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$270,701,217	\$39,993,429	\$310,694,646

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a different discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.10 percent) than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease		Current	1	% Increase
	to D	Discount Rate	D	iscount Rate	to I	Discount Rate
		(3.10)%		(4.10%)		(5.10%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	359,682,963	\$	310,694,646	\$	271,171,527

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that a 1-percentage-point lower (3.10%) 1-percentage-point higher (5.10%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	_1	% Decrease (3.10%)	Current Trend Ra (4.10%)		1% Increase (5.10%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	265,725,662	\$	310,694,646	\$	367,247,813

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019 to City recognized OPEB-Health expense of \$24,737,791.

At December 31, 2019 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflow	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Governmental Activities				
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	10,744,265	\$	2,047,614
Changes in assumptions or inputs		(3,321,625)		20,414,949
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,920,547		<u>-</u>
		16,343,187		22,462,563
Business Type Activities				
Differences between actual and expected experience		2,771,270		4,733,899
Changes in assumptions or inputs		(1,060,687)		(974,994)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,918,241		<u>-</u>
		3,628,824		3,758,905
Total	\$	19,972,011	\$	26,221,468

The \$10,838,788 reported as deferred outflows relating to employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflow (inflow
Year Ended December 31,	of Resources (net)
2020	\$ (4,171,586)
2021	(4,171,586)
2022	(6,532,254)
2023	(2,199,753)
2024	(13,066)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF)

Plan description. The LRLIF is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions. The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contribution based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution
50% Post Retirement Coverage	40% of employee contribution
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of employee contribution

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (CONT)

Employee contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The employee contribution rates in effect for the plan year are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates For

the Plan Year			
Attained Age	<u>Basic</u>		
Under 30	\$0.05		
30-34	0.06		
34-39	0.07		
40-44	0.08		
45-49	0.12		
50-54	0.22		
55-59	0.39		
60-64	0.49		
65-69	0.57		

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$19,387 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2019 the City reported a liability of \$2,460,957 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to December 31, 2018. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2018, the City's proportion was .95373400%, which was an increase of .027871% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized OPEB-Life expense of \$266,337.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (CONT)

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of F	Resources	of F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	124,842
Changes in assumptions		234,813		533,438
Net differences between projected and actual earnings		58,813		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		133,462		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		19,387		-
Total	\$	446,475	\$	658,280

\$19,387 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the LRLIF Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	D	eferred Outflows
Year Ended December 31,	and D	Deferred Inflows (net)
2020	\$	(25,489)
2021		(25,489)
2022		(25,489)
2023		(33,749)
2024		(42,257)
Thereafter		(78,719)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (CONT)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2018
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability	December 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:	4.10%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	5.0%
Discount Rate:	4.22%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2018

Asset Class	Indov	Target Allegation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return %
ASSEL CIASS	Index	Target Allocation	Of Return 76
US Government Bonds	Barclays Government	1%	1.44%
US Credit Bonds	Barclays Credit	40	2.69
US Long Credit Bonds	Barclays Long Credit	4	3.01
US Mortgages	Barclays MBS	54	2.25
US Municipal Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays Muni	1	1.68
Inflation			2.3
Long-Term Expected Ra	ite of Return		5

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)

LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE FUND (LRLIF) (CONT)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 4.22% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the longterm expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be insufficient.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.22 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.22 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.22 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(3.22%)	Rate (4.22%)	(5.22%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB			
liability	<u>\$3,500,872</u>	<u>\$2,460,957</u>	<u>\$1,658,896</u>

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

F. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

One major customer accounted for 14.0% of Water Utility gross sales aggregating \$2,965,698 and 14.5% of gross sales aggregating \$3,127,968 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Two major customers accounted for 30.0% and 21.4% of Wastewater Utility gross sales aggregating \$7,182,767 in 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

G. INTERMUNICIPAL SANITARY SEWER SERVICE AGREEMENT

The Wastewater Utility entered into an intergovernmental sanitary sewer service agreement with the surrounding local municipalities. The agreement was reached to provide for an equitable allocation of the cost of the expansion of the existing sewer service facilities, which were necessary to continue providing high quality, reliable sewer service, and allow for future growth needs. The agreement allocates treatment capacity to each of the participating municipalities based on their future estimated usage. In return for such treatment capacity allocations each participating municipality is required to pay the Wastewater Utility its proportionate share of the capital cost of improvements.

The municipalities agreed to participate in loans from the Clean Water Fund to pay for their share of the capital costs. As such, the agreement calls for each municipality to timely pay to the Wastewater Utility its proportionate share of debt and any related debt service costs on a payment schedule approved by the Wastewater Utility. The principal of debt due from each municipality was recorded as receivable and unearned revenue upon completion of the expansion project.

Interest payments under the agreement are recorded as revenue when earned. Principal payments are recorded as reductions of the account receivable – capacity rights account. The unearned revenue will be recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the agreement. The capacity revenue recognized was \$1,147,993 and \$1,147,993 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 respectively.

The agreement also calls for revenue sharing payments to be made between participating municipalities based on current year's municipal budgets and the prior year's municipal populations and equalized valuations. The agreement requires the Wastewater Utility to collect revenue sharing payments from the contributing municipalities and distribute them to recipient municipalities.

The agreement also requires the Wastewater Utility to make payments from its reserve accounts to the City of Racine, Wisconsin, with respect to the Racine Public Library. Racine Zoo, and the Charles A. Wustum Museum of Fine Arts which were determined to be regional cultural services and facilities which benefit the outlying parties. These payments in the amount of \$911,048 and \$894,844 for 2019 and 2018, respectively, are reported as transfers to other funds in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

H. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RETAIL WATER SERVICE AGREEMENT

The Racine Water Utility entered into an intergovernmental retail water service agreement with the Village of Mount Pleasant and the Village of Sturtevant. The agreement was reached to provide an equitable allocation of the cost expansion of existing and future water service facilities, which are necessary to continue providing high quality reliable water service, and allow for future growth needs. Projects designed to serve future growth funded through the water rates, contract connection charges and contract front foot charges for new mains installed in the City and Villages that will directly and substantially serve future growth and development. Costs to remedy existing deficiencies in the water system may be recovered through the water sales. In 2013 the Water Utility entered into an intergovernmental wholesale water service agreement with the Village of Caledonia. The Village of Caledonia opted to prepay its residents portion of these charges in two installments, one in 2013 and one in 2014.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

H. INTERGOVERNMENTAL RETAIL WATER SERVICE AGREEMENT (cont.)

The residential equivalent connection (REC) fees are deposited in an interest bearing segregated account and are restricted to pay future growth costs. REC fees are recorded as revenue when received. The Utility recognized \$212,860 of REC fee revenue in 2019.

In 2018, the Water Utility amended the intergovernmental agreement with the Village of Mount Pleasant. As part of the amendment, the Water Utility facilitates engineering and construction costs for Village development projects. Amounts paid by the Utility for such projects are billed to the Village, and the Village reimburses the Utility. The Village maintains ownership of those assets during construction. As December 31, 2109 the Utility reporting an outstanding receivable from the Village in due from other governments on the statement of net position of \$1,605,646.

The amendment also establishes minimum required annual revenues that are required to finance project related debt service payments. In the event that the designated annual revenues are below the established thresholds, the Village of Mount Pleasant is required to remit the designated shortfall to the Utility.

The amendment also decreased annual REC fees for all classes of customers and guarantees cash flows sufficient to meet existing debt service requirements for related debt. In the event annual collections of REC fees are less than agreed upon amounts, payments will be made to the Utility. These payments are recoverable in the event future receipts exceed debt service requirements. No payments were made or received by the Utility during 2019.

I. INFILTRATION/INFLOW REMOVAL AGREEMENT

In 1994, the Wastewater Utility entered into an agreement with the City of Racine to periodically replace the manholes and upgrade other structures to promote infiltration/inflow removal in the City of Racine. As part of the agreement, the Utility paid the construction cost for the manhole replacement and upgrades and was allowed to place a special charge on the bills of the City residents to recover its costs. At December 31, 2019, the Wastewater Utility had excess collections of \$4,410,229 which was reported as due to the City of Racine.

J. MUNICIPAL REVENUE OBLIGATIONS

In 2006, the city issued a municipal revenue obligation as part of a development agreement. The amount of the obligation is \$1,888,000, and is payable to the developer solely from tax increments collected from a specific development in Tax Incremental District No.13.

The obligation has no established repayment terms. The obligation bears interest at 6.5% and matures on October 1, 2030. In no case, shall the term of this obligation and the city's obligation to make payments, extend beyond the statutory expiration of Tax Incremental District No.13, nor shall the amount of principal to be paid under the obligation exceed \$1,888,000.

The obligation does not constitute a charge upon any funds of the city. In the event that future tax increments are not sufficient to pay off the obligation, the obligation terminates with no further liability to the city. Since the amount of future payments is contingent on the collection of future tax increments, the obligation is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. The balance of the commitment outstanding at year end is \$1,162,658.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

NOTE V – OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

K. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In March 2020, the City issued \$900,000 of general obligation bonds from the State of Wisconsin Board of Commissioners of Public Lands with maturity dates between March 15, 2021 and March 15, 2040. The bonds carry an interest rate of 3.75% and are payable commencing on March 15, 2021 annually thereafter on March 15th each year. The bonds were issued for the public purpose of financing an economic development housing project.

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, Hubei province, China. In the first several months of 2020, the virus, SARS-CoV-2, and resulting disease, COVID-19, spread to the United States, including to areas impacting the City. As of the audit opinion date, the City's evaluation of the effects of these events is ongoing; however, based on current information we believe this situation will impact investment valuations and decreased investment income, increase in delinquencies or uncollectible accounts receivable, loss of revenues in transit fares, parking fares, municipal fines, and construction permits. The City has also experienced increased costs related election operations, information technology equipment, community communications, pensions, OPEBs, insurance, labor (sick time or overtime), etc. In addition, the City has received Federal, State, and private grant awards to respond to the pandemic in excess of \$12 million. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the City's operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and related governmental or other regulatory actions.

L. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

Statement No. 87, Leases

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

Statement No. 92, Omnibus

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

The statements listed above through Statement No. 93 had their required effective dates postponed by one year with the issuance of Statement No. 95, Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, with the exception of Statement No. 87 which was postponed by one and a half years.

CITY OF RACINE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Health Insurance Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years*

For the year ended December 31, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Governmental Activities		
Service Cost	\$ 5,774,719	\$ 5,190,182
Interest on total OPEB Liability	9,900,105	10,340,209
Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses	(1,500,584)	(1,680,025)
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs	(26,677,205)	14,443,077
Benefit Payments	(8,736,005)	(8,670,045)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(21,238,970)	19,623,398
Total OPEB-Health Liability Beginning	291,940,187	272,316,789
Total OPEB-Health Liability Ending	\$ 270,701,217	\$ 291,940,187
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 43,503,529	\$ 41,932,280
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	622.25%	696.22%
Business Type Activities		
Service Cost	\$ 1,013,250	\$ 785,602
Interest on total OPEB Liability	1,693,563	1,525,236
Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses	(34,569)	(742)
Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs	(4,428,078)	2,051,148
Benefit Payments	(1,742,986)	(1,529,452)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(3,498,820)	2,831,792
Total OPEB-Health Liability Beginning	43,492,249	40,660,457
Total OPEB-Health Liability Ending	\$ 39,993,429	\$ 43,492,249
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 8,787,027	\$ 7,951,687
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	455.14%	546.96%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior year are not required and if prior years are not reporded in accordance with the current GASB standards, they should not be reported

CITY OF RACINE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Employer Contributions Local Life Insurance Fund

For the year ended December 31, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability		
Employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.95373400%	0.92586300%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,460,957	\$ 2,785,534
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 48,425,000	\$ 38,935,188
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a		
percentage of its covered payroll	5.08%	7.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	48.69%	44.81%
Schedule of Employer Contributions (Fiscal Year Basis)		
Contractually required contributions	\$ 19,387	\$ 18,335
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ (19,387)	\$ (18,335)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 54,654,395	\$ 52,350,961
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.04%	0.04%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior year are not required and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the current GASB standards, they should not be reported

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Wisconsin Retirement System
Last 10 Measurement Period*

For the year ended December 31, 2019

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u> 2016</u>		<u> 2015</u>
Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)								
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.47161079%	0.46066710%	0.4	157494490%	0	.46004473%	0.4	473551710%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 16,778,434	\$ (13,677,753)	\$	3,770,847	\$	7,475,638	\$	(11,628,527)
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 52,350,961	\$ 49,607,263	\$	49,260,898	\$	48,506,039	\$	49,050,285
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a								
percentage of its covered payroll	32.05%	27.57%		7.65%		15.41%		23.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	96.45%	102.93%		99.12%		98.20%		102.74%
Schedule of Employer Contributions (Fiscal Year Basis)								
Contractually required contributions	\$ 5,503,715	\$ 5,434,187	\$	5,219,080	\$	4,588,001	\$	4,704,517
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	\$ (5,503,715)	\$ (5,434,187)	\$	(5,219,080)	\$	(4,588,001)	\$	(4,704,517)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 54,654,395	\$ 52,350,961	\$	48,329,498	\$	49,260,898	\$	48,506,039
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.07%	10.38%		10.80%		9.31%		9.70%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior year are not required and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the current GASB standards, they should not be reported

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Supplemental schedules are required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

CHANGES IN BENEFIT TERMS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Changes of benefit terms-OPEB Health. There were no changes of benefit terms

Changes of benefit terms-OPEB LRLIF. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of benefit terms-WRS Pension. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions-Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2018 using experience from 2015 – 2017. Based on the experience study conducted in 2018, actuarial assumptions used to develop the net pension and net OPEB Liability changed, including the discount rate, wage inflation rate, and mortality and separation rates.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2019

				Specia	al Re	evenue Fund	ds		
		HUD Grants		State Grants	Otl	ner Agency Grants	Federal Grants		Loans
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	196,548	\$	52,356	\$	13,622	\$ 525,403	\$	2,626,190
Receivables									
Property taxes		-		-		-	-		-
Special assessment - tax roll		-		-		-	-		-
Special assessment		-		-		-	-		-
Accrued interest		-		-		-	-		283,509
Accounts		53,044		-		-	-		-
Loans and notes (net)		14,228		-		-	223,369		3,928,785
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-	-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-	-		-
Due from other governments		556,589		826,323		-	357,559		-
Assets held for resale		-		-		-	-		-
Advances to component unit		-		-		-	-		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		-	-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	820,409	\$	878,679	\$	13,622	\$ 1,106,331	\$	6,838,484
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments Advances from other funds Total Liabilities	\$	118,978 11,697 409,491 3,489 - 543,655	\$	47,582 17,414 749,355 - - 814,351	\$	- - - - -	\$ 3,093 (368) 352,868 2,403 - 357,996		93,518 59,853 - 35,186 - 188,557
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenues		14,228		_		-	223,369		3,928,785
Unearned revenues		-		63,350		13,622	-		265,635
Unearned property tax revenue		-		· -		_	-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		14,228		63,350	_	13,622	223,369	_	4,194,420
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted Committed		262,526		978		-	524,966 -		2,455,507
Assigned		_		_		_	_		_
Unassigned (deficit)		-		_		_	_		_
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		262,526		978	_		524,966	_	2,455,507
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED									
INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	820,409	\$	878,679	\$	13,622	\$ 1,106,331	\$	6,838,484
(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>-</u>	,	<u> </u>	-,	<u>-</u>	-,	. ,,	<u>-</u>	,,

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2019

				Special R	evenue Funds						
Special Assessments	Restricted	Trusts		Library	Recycling		Municipal Court		Cemetery		vate Property aintenance
\$ 960,956	\$ 1,105,845	\$ 3,957,573	\$	241,975	\$ -	\$	20,603	\$	409,475	\$	558,495
-	28,363	-		2,504,816	1,598,014		156,405		233,166		-
477,737 1,632,176	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
-	33,409	-		65,000	-		-		985		120,867
-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
-	1,806,424	-		-	-		-		-		-
_	-	-		-	_		_		_		_
_	140,000			_	_		_		_		_
-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
\$ 3,070,869	\$ 3,114,041	\$ 3,957,573	\$	2,811,791	\$ 1,598,014	\$	177,008	\$	643,626	\$	679,362
\$ 160 148,944	\$ 19,240 20,287	\$ - 76	\$	14,223 118,708	\$ 60,722 37,230	\$	20,455 7,554	\$	23,479 10,221	\$	36,318 -
-	1,806,424	12,785		-	410,965		-		-		-
-	-	-		-	-		-		-		1,700
-	<u> </u>	-				_	<u> </u>				-
149,104	1,845,951	12,861		132,931	508,917	_	28,009	_	33,700		38,018
1,632,176	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
- 477,737	28,363	-		2,504,816	- 1,598,014		- 156,405		233,166		-
2,109,913	28,363			2,504,816	1,598,014	_	156,405		233,166		
2,100,010	20,000			2,001,010		_	100,100		200,100		
811,852	781,506	3,944,712		174,044	-		-		-		-
-	330,634	-		-	-		-		376,760		641,344
-	127,587	-		-	(500.047)		- (7, 100)		-		-
044.050	4 000 707	- 2 044 740		174.044	(508,917)	_	(7,406)		270 700		C44 044
811,852	1,239,727	3,944,712		174,044	(508,917)	_	(7,406)		376,760		641,344
Φ 0.070.000	Ф 0 444 0 44	ф o o== ===	*	0.044.701	Φ 4 500 04 1	•	477.000	•	040.000	Φ.	070.000
\$ 3,070,869	\$ 3,114,041	\$ 3,957,573	<u>\$</u>	2,811,791	\$ 1,598,014	\$	177,008	\$	643,626	\$	679,362

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2019

	Specia	al Re	evenue Fun	ds		Capital Projects Funds					
	Sanitary					Tax	prior : ojecto : c				
	Sewer		Health		Room	Incremental	City		Capital		
	Maintenance		Lab		Tax	Districts	Projects		Grants		
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$ 45,053	\$	100,917	\$	208,231	\$ 18,362,021	\$ 86,084	\$	-		
Receivables											
Property taxes	1,852,195		406,810		-	2,125,103	-		-		
Special assessment - tax roll	-		-		-	-	-		-		
Special assessment	-		-		-	-	-		-		
Accrued interest	-		-		-	-	-		-		
Accounts	-		11,200		24,165	-	-		-		
Loans and notes	-		-		-	17,120	-		-		
Prepaid expenses	-		-		-	-	-		-		
Due from other funds	-		-		-	-	4,410,229		-		
Due from other governments	-		-		-	8,161	1,554,136		316,462		
Assets held for resale	-		-		-	385,000	-		-		
Advances to component unit	-		-		-	1,805,753	120,000		-		
Advances to other funds			-					_			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,897,248	\$	518,927	\$	232,396	\$ 22,703,158	\$ 6,170,449	\$	316,462		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ 220,172	\$	-	\$	34,085	\$ 87,461		\$	-		
Accrued liabilities	5,957		13,611		-	10,664	2,283		-		
Due to other funds	-		-		-	-	1,146,214		316,462		
Due to other governments	-		-		-	-	-		-		
Advances from other funds			-			7,497,715		_			
Total Liabilities	226,129	_	13,611		34,085	7,595,840	1,970,598	_	316,462		
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Unavailable revenues	-		-		-	17,120	1,358,236		-		
Unearned revenues	-		-		-	-	-		-		
Unearned property tax revenue	1,852,195		406,810			2,125,103	-	_			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,852,195	_	406,810			2,142,223	1,358,236		<u>-</u>		
Fund Balances											
Restricted	-		-		- -	12,965,095	-		-		
Committed	-		98,506		198,311	-	2,841,615		-		
Assigned	-		-		-	-	-		-		
Unassigned	(181,076)				<u>-</u>			_			
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	(181,076)		98,506		198,311	12,965,095	2,841,615	_	-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED											
INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,897,248	\$	518,927	\$	232,396	\$ 22,703,158	\$ 6,170,449	\$	316,462		

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET As of December 31, 2019

	0	anital Davis Ma		I.	Permanent	Taral
_		apital Projects			Fund	Total
	General		Inte	ergovernmental		Nonmajor
	Obligation	Equipment		Revenue	Endowment	Governmental
Bo	nd Projects	Replacement		Sharing	Fund	Funds
\$	8,683,047	\$ 994,862	\$	3,766,761	\$ 2,580,582	\$ 45,496,599
	-	-		-	-	8,904,872
	-	-		-	-	477,737
	-	-		-	-	1,632,176
	-	-		-	-	283,509
	-	-		-	-	308,670
	-	-		-	-	4,183,502
	-	357,477		-	-	357,477
	-	-		-	-	6,216,653
	-	-		-	-	3,619,230
	-	-		-	-	385,000
	-	-		220,832	-	2,286,585
				7,497,715		7,497,715
\$	8,683,047	\$ 1,352,339	\$	11,485,308	\$ 2,580,582	\$ 81,649,725
\$	983,071 31,776	\$ 84,205	\$	232,617	\$ 18,900	\$ 2,920,380 495,907
	31,770	-		_	8,606	5,213,170
	_	_		_	0,000	42,778
	_	_		_	_	7,497,715
	1,014,847	84,205		232,617	27,506	16,169,950
	1,014,047	04,200		202,017	27,000	10,100,300
	-	_		-	-	7,173,914
	-	-		-	-	342,607
	-	-		-	-	9,382,609
		<u> </u>				16,899,130
	-	-		11,252,691	2,553,076	35,726,953
	7,668,200	1,268,134		-	-	13,423,504
	-	-		-	-	127,587
						(697,399)
	7,668,200	1,268,134		11,252,691	2,553,076	48,580,645
Φ.	0.000.047	ф 4 050 000	•	44 405 000	ф о 5 00 5 00	Ф. 04.040.707
\$	8,683,047	<u>\$ 1,352,339</u>	\$	11,485,308	\$ 2,580,582	\$ 81,649,725

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special Reven	ue Funds	
	HUD Grants	State Grants	Other Agency Grants	Federal Grants
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special charges and assessments	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	2,691,516	1,492,300	4,500	394,629
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfietures	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	69,033	27,133
Miscellaneous	180,797	22,264	7,374	
Total Revenues	2,872,313	1,514,564	80,907	421,762
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
General Government	-	6,442	-	-
Health	-	607,669	80,907	101,522
Public safety	-	381,560	-	17,884
Public works	-	493,107	-	-
Education and recreation	-	22,264	-	-
Community development	1,286,003	-	-	224,881
Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	1,140,372	44,000	-	50,538
Total Expenditures	2,426,375	1,555,042	80,907	394,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	445,938	(40,478)		26,937
over experialtures	445,936	(40,476)		20,937
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	40,478	-	-
Transfers out	(599,576)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(599,576)	40,478		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(153,638)	-	-	26,937
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	416,164	978		498,029
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$ 262,526	\$ 978	\$ -	\$ 524,966

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Special Revenue Funds											
Loans		Special Assessments	Restricted	Trusts	Library	Recycling	Municipal Court					
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ 2,465,274	\$ 314,725	\$ 140,165					
	-	773,413	-	-	-		-					
	-	-	150,842	-	1,553,807	314,723	-					
	-	_	- 42,514	-	-	_	207,632					
500,4	59	_	136,898	_	26,590	905,835	207,032					
20,2		203,810	350,457	1,849,354	110,459	22,421	3,393					
520,6	72	977,223	680,714	1,849,354	4,156,130	1,557,704	351,190					
	-	-	800	-	-	-	-					
2,467,7	- '65	-	7,211 1,986,393	-	-	-	362,436					
2,401,1	-	_	19,422	-	-	2,086,104	302,430					
	_	_	229,013	171,354	4,179,310	2,000,104	_					
	-	-	128,864	-	-	-	-					
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
			358,405		36,211							
2,467,7	<u>65</u>		2,730,108	171,354	4,215,521	2,086,104	362,436					
(1,947,0	1 <u>93</u>)	977,223	(2,049,394)	1,678,000	(59,391)	(528,400)	(11,246)					
	_	_	_	-	_	_	-					
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
1,314,2		-	1,941,802	-	-	-	-					
(270,6		(1,616,789)										
1,043,5	67	(1,616,789)	1,929,302									
(903,5	26)	(639,566)	(120,092)	1,678,000	(59,391)	(528,400)	(11,246)					
3,359,0	33	1,451,418	1,359,819	2,266,712	233,435	19,483	3,840					
\$ 2,455,5	07	\$ 811,852	\$ 1,239,727	\$ 3,944,712	\$ 174,044	\$ (508,917)	\$ (7,406)					

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

			Spec	cial Revenue Fu	nds	
			-	Sanitary		
			Private Property	Sewer		Health
	С	emetery	Maintenance	Maintenance		Lab
REVENUES						_
Taxes	\$	222,849	\$ 66	\$ -	\$	388,368
Special charges and assessments	•	-	-	-	•	-
Intergovernmental		-	-	-		-
Licenses and permits		_	_	-		-
Fines and Forfietures		-	-	-		-
Charges for services		334,300	314,038	1,853,518		25,191
Miscellaneous		18,952	12,778	26,306		9,096
Total Revenues		576,101	326,882	1,879,824		422,655
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General Government		-	_	-		-
Health		-	-	-		431,802
Public safety		-	_	-		, -
Public works		_	_	659,460		-
Education and recreation		596,230	_	-		-
Community development		-	344,229	-		-
Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges		_	, -	-		-
Capital outlay		1,652	_	1,414,074		-
Total Expenditures		597,882	344,229	2,073,534		431,802
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(21 791)	(17 247)	(102 710)		(0.147)
over expenditures		(21,781)	(17,347)	(193,710)		(9,147)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Long-term debt issued		-	-	-		-
Premium on long-term debt		-	-	-		-
Transfers in		-	-	400,000		-
Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				400,000		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		(21,781)	(17,347)	206,290		(9,147)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - Beginning of Year		398,541	658,691	(387,366)		107,653
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$	376,760	\$ 641,344	\$ (181,076)	\$	98,506

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Capital Projects Funds									
 _		Tax	σαρ		1 10,000	<u> </u>	General			
Room	ı	ncremental	City		Capital	(Obligation	Е	Equipment	
Tax		Districts	Projects		Grants		nd Projects		eplacement	
									•	
\$ 390,163	\$	2,839,323	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
-			-		-		-		-	
-		55,474	401,100		316,462		-		-	
-		-	-		-		-		-	
-		_	2,752,366		-		-		-	
5,651		655,044	4,294		-		195,163		132,346	
 395,814		3,549,841	3,157,760		316,462		195,163		132,346	
-		-	-		-		-		-	
-		-	-		-		-		-	
_		_	563,560		_		731,320		20,558	
-		-	-		-		76,795		-	
328,339		706,480	605,467		-		-		-	
-		148,032	351,768		-		50,958		-	
 		1,131,492	2,465,241	_	316,462		7,851,086		2,289,611	
 328,339		1,986,004	3,986,036		316,462		8,710,159		2,310,169	
07.475		4 500 007	(000.070)				(0.544.000)		(0.477.000)	
 67,475	_	1,563,837	(828,276)			_	(8,514,996)		(2,177,823)	
_		_	_		_		11,088,750		3,241,250	
_		-	-		_		57,033		-	
-		-	1,616,789		-		-		-	
 	_	(1,849,618)				_	(1,194,999)		(370,500)	
 		(1,849,618)	1,616,789				9,950,784		2,870,750	
67,475		(285,781)	788,513		-		1,435,788		692,927	
130 836		13 250 976	2 052 102				6 232 412		575,207	
 130,836		13,250,876	2,053,102				6,232,412	-	313,201	
\$ 198,311	\$	12,965,095	\$ 2,841,615	\$	_	\$	7,668,200	\$	1,268,134	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Capital Projects Fund	Permanent Fund	Total
	Intergovernmental	i unu	Nonmajor
	Revenue	Endowment	Governmental
	Sharing	Fund	Funds
REVENUES	Onamig		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,760,936
Special charges and assessments	-	-	773,413
Intergovernmental	1,949,686	-	9,325,039
Licenses and permits	-	-	-
Fines and Forfietures	-	-	250,146
Charges for services	41,600	-	6,986,961
Miscellaneous	308,874	346,677	4,485,723
Total Revenues	2,300,160	346,677	28,582,218
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General Government	-	-	7,242
Health	-	-	1,229,111
Public safety	-	-	5,216,038
Public works	-	-	4,573,531
Education and recreation	-	45,995	5,320,961
Community development	1,629,676	-	5,253,939
Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges	-	-	550,758
Capital outlay	861,600	46,175	18,006,919
Total Expenditures	2,491,276	92,170	40,158,499
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(191,116)	254,507	(11,576,281)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Long-term debt issued	-	-	14,330,000
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	57,033
Transfers in	-	-	5,313,329
Transfers out	(107,057)		(6,021,732)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(107,057)	-	13,678,630
Net Change in Fund Balances	(298,173)	254,507	2,102,349
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	11,550,864	2,298,569	46,478,296
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR	\$ 11,252,691	\$ 2,553,076	\$ 48,580,645

Special Revenue Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Librar	у	
	 Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	 iance with al Budget
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 2,465,271	\$	2,465,271	\$ 2,465,274	\$ 3
Intergovernmental	1,553,292		1,553,292	1,553,807	515
Licenses and permits	-		-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-		-	-	-
Charges for services	25,200		25,200	26,590	1,390
Miscellaneous	 8,000	_	8,000	110,459	 102,459
Total Revenues	 4,051,763		4,051,763	4,156,130	 104,367
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General Government	-		-	-	-
Health	-		-	-	-
Public safety	-		-	-	-
Public works	-		-	-	-
Education and recreation	4,169,763		4,169,763	4,179,310	(9,547)
Community development	-		-	-	-
Capital outlay	 32,000		32,000	36,211	 (4,211)
Total Expenditures	 4,201,763	_	4,201,763	4,215,521	(13,758)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	 (150,000)		(150,000)	(59,391)	 90,609
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	-		-	-	-
Transfers out	 				 <u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources	 	_			
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (150,000)	\$	(150,000)	(59,391)	\$ 90,609
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year				233,435	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR				\$ 174,044	

Special Revenue Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Recy	cling			Municip	oal Court	
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
\$ 314,725 315,000	\$ 314,725 315,000	\$ 314,725 314,723	\$ - (277)	\$ 140,1	65 \$ 140,165 	\$ 140,165 -	\$ - -
- - 860,700 285,000	860,700 285,000	905,835 22,421	- - 45,135 (262,579)	230,0	230,000 	207,632 - 3,393	(22,368) - 3,393
1,775,425	1,775,425	1,557,704	(217,721)	370,1	65 370,165	351,190	(18,975)
- -	-	- -	- -	070		-	-
1,925,425	1,936,418	2,086,104	(149,686)	370,1	65 370,165	362,436	7,729 -
-	-	-	-			-	-
1,925,425	1,936,418	2,086,104	(149,686)	370,1	65 370,165	362,436	7,729
(150,000)	(160,993)	(528,400)	(367,407)		<u>-</u>	(11,246)	(11,246)
	<u> </u>	- -			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
\$ (150,000)	\$ (160,993)	(528,400)	\$ (367,407)	\$	<u>-</u> \$ -	(11,246)	\$ (11,246)
		19,483				3,840	
		\$ (508,917)				\$ (7,406)	

Special Revenue Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Cer	met	ery		
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variand Final B	
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	222,849	\$	222,849	\$	222,849	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		325,000		325,000		334,300		9,300
Miscellaneous	_				_	18,952		18,952
Total Revenues		547,849	_	547,849		576,101		28,252
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General Government		_		_		_		_
Health		_		-		_		_
Public safety		_		-		_		_
Public works		_		-		-		-
Education and recreation		677,849		689,849		596,230		93,619
Community development		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		1,652		1,652		
Total Expenditures		677,849		691,501		597,882		93,619
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(130,000)		(143,652)		(21,781)	1:	21,871
5.5. 5.4 5		(100,000)	_	(**************************************		(= :,: 5 :)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out				-	_			
Total Other Financing Sources	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	(130,000)	\$	(143,652)		(21,781)	<u>\$ 1</u> 2	21,871
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year						398,541		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - END OF YEAR					\$	376,760		

Special Revenue Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Private Property Maintenance Sanitary Sewer Maintenance Original Final Original Final Variance with Variance with Budget Actual **Budget** Budget Final Budget Budget Actual Final Budget \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 66 66 208,000 208,000 314,038 106,038 1,850,000 1,850,000 1,853,518 3,518 26,306 12,778 12,778 2,093 2,093 24,213 208,000 208,000 326,882 118,882 1,852,093 1,852,093 1,879,824 27,731 852,093 659,460 217,988 877,448 208,000 225,450 344,229 (118,779)1,000,000 1,661,602 1,414,074 247,528 208,000 225,450 344,229 (118,779)1,852,093 2,539,050 2,073,534 465,516 103 (17,450)(17,347)(686,957)(193,710)493,247 400,000 400,000 400,000 400,000

(686,957)

206,290

\$

893,247

103

\$

(17,450)

(17,347) \$

\$

Special Revenue Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Health Lab)			Room Tax	(
		ginal and Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		iginal and Final Budget	Actual		riance with			
REVENUES		z a a g o t	7.010.0.				71010101		<u>.a. 2 a a got</u>			
Taxes	\$	388,368	\$388,368	\$ -	\$	352,000	\$390,163	\$	38,163			
Intergovernmental	·	, -	-	· -	·	, -	· ,	•	, <u>-</u>			
Licenses and permits		-	-	-		-	-		-			
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-		-	-		-			
Charges for services		11,000	25,191	14,191		-	-		-			
Miscellaneous			9,096	9,096	_	-	5,651		5,651			
Total Revenues	_	399,368	422,655	23,287	_	352,000	395,814		43,814			
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
General Government		-	-	-		-	-		-			
Health		449,368	431,802	17,566		-	-		-			
Public safety		-	-	-		-	-		-			
Public works		-	-	-		-	-		-			
Education and recreation		-	-	-		-	-		-			
Community development		-	-	-		432,000	328,339		103,661			
Capital outlay					_							
Total Expenditures		449,368	431,802	17,566		432,000	328,339		103,661			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures		(50,000)	(9,147)	40,853	_	(80,000)	67,475		147,475			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES												
Transfers in		-	-	-		-	-		-			
Transfers out												
Total Other Financing Sources												
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	(50,000)	(9,147)	\$ 40,853	<u>\$</u>	(80,000)	67,475	\$	147,475			
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year			107,653				130,836					
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$ 98,506				\$198,311					

Debt Service Fund

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Original and		Variance with
	F	inal Budget	Actual	Final Budget
DEVENUE				
REVENUES	φ	47.040.050	Ф 47.040.0E0	¢.
Taxes	\$	17,013,053	\$ 17,013,053	(20.271)
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous		108,499 236,784	80,228 236,785	(28,271)
	_			(20, 270)
Total Revenues		17,358,336	17,330,066	(28,270)
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Principal		14,954,000	32,970,000	(18,016,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		3,417,226	3,880,899	(463,673)
Total Expenditures		18,371,226	36,850,899	(18,479,673)
Deficiency of revenues				
over expenditures	_	(1,012,890)	(19,520,833)	(18,507,943)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Refunding bonds issued		-	17,015,000	17,015,000
Premium on long-term debt issued		-	1,335,469	1,335,469
Payment to escrow agent		-	-	-
Transfers in		1,012,890	1,131,987	119,097
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,012,890	19,482,456	18,469,566
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$		(38,377)	\$ (38,377)
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year			439,427	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$ 401,050	

Capital Project Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Seneral Obligation	n Bond Projec	:S
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Miscellenous			195,163	195,163
Total Revenues	<u>-</u>		195,163	195,163
EXPENDITURES				
Current			_	-
General administration	-	589,614	-	589,614
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Public works	748,573	748,573	731,320	17,253
Education and recreation	78,699	78,699	76,795	1,904
Community development	-	-	-	-
Debt Service - interest and fiscal charges	-	-	50,958	(50,958)
Capital outlay	8,977,500	13,640,973	7,851,086	5,789,887
Total Expenditures	9,804,772	15,057,859	8,710,159	6,347,700
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(9,804,772)	(15,057,859)	(8,514,996)	6,542,863
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Long-term debt issued	10,735,472	10,735,472	11,088,750	353,278
Premium on long-term debt	-	-	57,033	57,033
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(930,700)	(1,832,200)	(1,194,999)	637,201
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	9,804,772	8,903,272	9,950,784	1,047,512
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	\$ (6,154,587)	1,435,788	\$ 7,590,375
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year			6,232,412	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR			\$ 7,668,200	

Capital Project Funds

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Equipment Rep	lacement Func	<u> </u>	Inte	ergovernmental	Revenue Shar	ing
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
\$ - - 132,000	\$ - - 132,000	\$ - - 132,346	\$ - - - 346	\$ - 1,949,279 41,600 85,000	\$ - 1,949,279 41,600	\$ - 1,949,686 41,600 308,874	\$ - 407 - (1.336.810)
132,000	132,000	132,346	346	2,075,879	1,635,693 3,626,572	2,300,160	(1,326,819) (1,326,412)
40,000 - 2,962,750 3,002,750	40,000	20,558 2,289,611 2,310,169	19,442 - - 1,249,648 1,269,090	3,151,572 - 475,000 3,626,572	4,197,949 - 475,000 4,672,949	1,629,676 - 861,600 2,491,276	2,568,273 - (386,600) 2,181,673
(2,870,750)	(3,447,259)	(2,177,823)	1,269,436	(1,550,693)	(1,046,377)	(191,116)	855,261
3,241,250 - - - (370,500)	3,241,250 - - (370,500)	3,241,250 - - (370,500)	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - (107,057)	- - - (107,057)
2,870,750	2,870,750	2,870,750				(107,057)	(107,057)
\$ -	\$ (576,509)	692,927	\$ 1,269,436	\$ (1,550,693)	\$ (1,046,377)	(298,173)	\$ 748,204
		575,207				11,550,864	
		\$ 1,268,134				\$ 11,252,691	

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

		Parking Utility	Golf Courses	Civic Centre	Radio Repair	Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	640,264	\$ 5,132	\$ 420,174	\$ 664,192	\$ 1,729,762
Receivables						
Accounts		10,483	-	37,334	41,203	89,020
Taxes		9,210	-	296,000	-	305,210
Inventories		-	-	15,876	-	15,876
Prepaid items			 	6,640		 6,640
Total Current Assets	_	659,957	 5,132	 776,024	 705,395	 2,146,508
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets						
Land		1,014,105	1,432,654	140,421	15,000	2,602,180
Land and building improvements		18,021,785	3,178,439	9,212,625	189,159	30,602,008
Equipment, furniture and vehicles		781,326	-	462,250	12,913	1,256,489
Less: accumulated depreciation		(10,256,972)	(2,494,411)	(6,291,046)	 (136,001)	 (19,178,430)
Total Capital Assets, Net	_	9,560,244	 2,116,682	 3,524,250	 81,071	 15,282,247
Total Assets	\$	10,220,201	\$ 2,121,814	\$ 4,300,274	\$ 786,466	\$ 17,428,755
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amounts relating to pension	\$	164,539	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 98,387	\$ 262,926
Deferred amounts relating to OPEB		214,051	_	-	107,927	321,978
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance		1,300	 	 	 759	 2,059
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	379,890	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 207,073	\$ 586,963

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

		Parking Utility		Golf ourses	 Civic Centre	 Radio Repair	 Total
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	20,655	\$	-	\$ 48,772	\$ 61	\$ 69,488
Accrued liabilities		15,173		5,000	110,303	8,863	139,339
Due to other governments		-		-	-	-	-
Due to other funds		_			 354,215	_	 354,215
Total Current Liabilities		35,828		5,000	 513,290	 8,924	 563,042
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Compensated absences		14,021		-	-	10,536	24,557
Net pension liability		55,941		-	-	33,080	89,021
Life insurance liability		7,248		-	-	4,161	11,409
OPEB obligation		2,185,496			 	1,029,043	 3,214,539
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,262,706			 	 1,076,820	 3,339,526
Total Liabilities		2,298,534		5,000	513,290	 1,085,744	3,902,568
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred amounts relating to pension		79,592		-	-	46,249	125,841
Deferred amounts relating to OPEB		199,828		-	-	99,325	299,153
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance		1,937		-	-	1,114	3,051
Unearned property tax revenue		9,210			296,000	_	305,210
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		290,567			 296,000	 146,688	 733,255
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in capital assets		9,560,244	2	2,116,682	3,524,250	81,071	15,282,247
Unrestricted (deficit)	((1,549,254)	-	132	 (33,266)	 (319,964)	 (1,902,352)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	8,010,990	\$ 2	2,116,814	\$ 3,490,984	\$ (238,893)	\$ 13,379,895

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSTION For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Parking Utility	Golf Courses	Civic Centre	Radio Repair	Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	1,023,053	\$ -	\$ 471,477	\$ 315,984	\$ 1,810,514
Other		120				120
Total Operating Revenues		1,023,173		471,477	315,984	1,810,634
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Public Works		1,042,343	-	-	-	1,042,343
Public Safety		-	-	-	280,979	280,979
Education and recreation		-	-	766,014	-	766,014
Depreciation		543,139	77,537	365,474	9,503	995,653
Total Operating Expenses		1,585,482	77,537	1,131,488	290,482	3,084,989
Operating Loss (Income)	_	(562,309)	(77,537)	(660,011)	25,502	(1,274,355)
NONOPERATING REVENUES						
Investment income		20,077	132	-	21,131	41,340
Other		-	-	_	-	-
Tax levy		9,670		296,000		305,670
Total Nonoperating Revenues		29,747	132	296,000	21,131	347,010
(Loss) Income Before Transfers		(532,562)	(77,405)	(364,011)	46,633	(927,345)
TRANSFERS IN		_		366,157		366,157
Change in Net Position		(532,562)	(77,405)	2,146	46,633	(561,188)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT), Beginning of Year		8,543,552	2,194,219	3,488,838	(285,526)	13,941,083
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$	8,010,990	\$ 2,116,814	\$ 3,490,984	\$ (238,893)	\$ 13,379,895

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Parking Utility	Golf Courses	Civic Centre	 Radio Repair	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 1,205,773 (802,654) (451,069)	\$ 5,000 - -	\$ 500,847 (720,574)	\$ 401,538 (253,644) (164,503)	\$ 2,113,158 (1,776,872) (615,572)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	(47,950)	 5,000	(219,727)	(16,609)	(279,286)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Operating subsidies received-tax levy	 9,210	 	 296,000	 	 305,210
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital					
Financing Activities	 9,210	 <u>-</u>	 296,000	 	 305,210
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfer from other funds for capital purposes	-	-	366,157	-	366,157
Capital donation	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	 	-	 (354,813)	 	 (354,813)
Net Cash Flows From Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	 	 	 11,344	 	 11,344
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Investment Income	 20,077	 132	 -	 21,131	 41,340
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	 20,077	 132	 	 21,131	 41,340
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(18,663)	5,132	87,617	4,522	78,608
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	 658,927	 	 332,557	 659,670	 1,651,154
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 640,264	\$ 5,132	\$ 420,174	\$ 664,192	\$ 1,729,762

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Parking Utility	_	Golf Courses	 Civic Centre	 Radio Repair	 Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating (loss) income provided Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss	\$ (562,309)	\$	(77,537)	\$ (660,011)	\$ 25,502	\$ (1,274,355)
to net cash flows from operating activities: Other postemployment benefits	104,380		_	_	57,888	162,268
Depreciation	543,139		77,537	365,474	9,503	995,653
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities,	212,122		,		5,555	,
and deferred inflows						
Accounts receivable	2,731		-	29,370	(9,821)	22,280
Inventories	-		-	(1,975)	-	(1,975)
Prepaid items	-		-	3,669	-	3,669
Due from other funds	460		-	-	51	511
Pension activity	(190,172)		-	-	(94,427)	(284,599)
Accounts payable	(10,798)		-	1,289	(31,626)	(41,135)
Accrued liabilities	5,246		5,000	(1,399)	3,691	12,538
Deferred Outflows/Inflow activity	59,373		-	-	22,630	82,003
Due to other funds	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 43,856	 <u>-</u>	 43,856
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (47,950)	\$	5,000	\$ (219,727)	\$ (16,609)	\$ (279,286)

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

- - - - - -	\$ 141,257 2,237 - - 15,255 158,749	\$ 4,802,226 681,321 - 189,133 - 5,672,680	\$ 209,023	\$ 5,502,782 704,864 431,339 189,133 27,509 6,855,627
	2,237 - - 15,255	681,321 - 189,133	- - -	704,864 431,339 189,133 27,509
- - - - - -	2,237 - - 15,255	681,321 - 189,133	- - -	704,864 431,339 189,133 27,509
	- 15,255	189,133	209,023	431,339 189,133 27,509
	- 15,255	189,133	209,023	431,339 189,133 27,509
- - - -		<u> </u>	209,023	189,133 27,509
-		<u> </u>	209,023	27,509
<u>-</u> -		5,672,680	209,023	
-	158,749	5,672,680	209,023	6,855,627
-	-	-	-	-
_	_	-	-	32,879
323,098	_	_	-	1,623,098
· -	-	-	-	1,954,301
777,817	261,429	-	262,509	2,799,123
103,701)	(220,844)		(259,584)	(4,595,035)
97,214	40,585	-	2,925	1,814,366
997,214	40,585		2,925	1,814,366
97,214	199,334	5,672,680	211,948	8,669,993
367,977	478,488	-	-	1,666,815
	3,867	-	-	13,026
3,002				1,679,841
	997,214 997,214 997,214 367,977 3,002			997,214 40,585 - 2,925 997,214 199,334 5,672,680 211,948 367,977 478,488 - -

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2019

	Equipment Maintenance Garage	Information Systems	Building Complex	Health Insurance	Telephones	Total
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	17,699	13,185	132,119	501,108	78	664,189
Accrued liabilities	67,819	36,807	42,882	1,497,188	-	1,644,696
Due to other funds		22,600	21,838			44,438
Total Current Liabilities	85,518	72,592	196,839	1,998,296	78	2,353,323
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Life insurance liability	34,226	16,644	21,476	-	_	72,346
Net pension liability	261,487	128,075	164,771	-	-	554,333
Compensated absences	49,134	10,452	41,491			101,077
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	344,847	155,171	227,738			727,756
Total Liabilities	430,365	227,763	424,577	1,998,296	78	3,081,079
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred amounts relating to pension	385,760	185,393	234,379	-	-	805,532
Deferred amounts relating to life insurance	9,148	4,450	5,741			19,339
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	394,908	189,843	240,120			824,871
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	773,642	997,214	40,585		2,925	1,814,366
Unrestricted	816,409	(46,627)	(23,593)	3,674,384	208,945	4,629,518
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,590,051	\$ 950,587	\$ 16,992	\$ 3,674,384	\$ 211,870	\$ 6,443,884

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the year ended December 31, 2019

	Equipment Maintenance Garage	Information Systems	Building Complex	Health Insurance	Telephones	Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services and sales						
Labor, fuel, parts and equipment charges	\$ 3,973,656	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,973,656
Health insurance premiums	-	-	-	20,998,380	-	20,998,380
Telephone service sales	-	-	-	-	115,935	115,935
Computer service sales	-	1,511,935	-	-	-	1,511,935
Facilities rent	-	-	2,681,722	-	-	2,681,722
Other						
Total Operating Revenues	3,973,656	1,511,935	2,681,722	20,998,380	115,935	29,281,628
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Public Works						
Operating supplies and expenses	4,143,433	-	2,977,970	-	-	7,121,403
General administration						
Telephone expenses	-	-	-	-	76,845	76,845
Health insurance	-	-	-	21,650,672	-	21,650,672
Information systems	92,504	2,199,882	17.041	-	2 505	2,199,882
Depreciation and amortization	4,235,937	<u>192,902</u> 2,392,784	17,941 2,995,911	21,650,672	2,595 79,440	305,942
Total Operating Expenses	4,233,937	2,392,764	2,995,911	21,030,072	79,440	31,354,744
Operating (Loss) Income Before Transfers	(262,281)	(880,849)	(314,189)	(652,292)	36,495	(2,073,116)
TRANSFER IN		835,657				835,657
Change in Net Position	(262,281)	(45,192)	(314,189)	(652,292)	36,495	(1,237,459)
TOTAL NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	1,852,332	995,779	331,181	4,326,676	175,375	7,681,343
TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,590,051	\$ 950,587	\$ 16,992	\$ 3,674,384	\$ 211,870	\$ 6,443,884

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Equipment Maintenance Garage	Information Systems	Building Complex	Health Insurance	Telephones	Total
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 4,009,132	\$ 1,511,932	\$ 2,659,263	\$ 20,811,086	\$ 116,837	\$ 29,108,250
Payments to suppliers	(2,052,134)	(1,107,445)	(1,545,483)	(21,165,123)	(76,830)	(25,947,015)
Payments to employees	(2,060,477)		(1,251,398)	(398,308)	- 40.007	(4,748,518)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	(103,479)	(633,848)	(137,618)	(752,345)	40,007	(1,587,283)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfer from other funds for capital purposes	-	835,657	-	-	-	835,657
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(382,269)				(382,269)
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	453,388	_	_	_	453,388
Capital and Nelated Financing Activities		400,000				+55,566
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(103,479)	(180,460)	(137,618)	(752,345)	40,007	(1,133,895)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	453,755	180,460	278,875	5,554,571	169,016	6,636,677
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 350,276	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 141,257	\$ 4,802,226	\$ 209,023	\$ 5,502,782

Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Ma	quipment aintenance Garage	 nformation Systems	Building Complex	Health Insurance	Te	elephones	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) INCOME								
TO NET CASH PROVIDED FLOWS FROM								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating (Loss) Income	\$	(262,281)	\$ (880,849)	\$ (314,189)	\$ (652,292)	\$	36,495	\$ (2,073,116)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating (Loss) Income to Net Cash								
Flows From Operating Activities								
Other post employment benefits		456,476	221,779	291,794	-		-	970,049
Depreciation/Amortization expense		92,504	192,902	17,941	-		2,595	305,942
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities,								
and deferred inflows								
Accounts receivable		(1,035)	-	(888)	(187,294)		902	(188,315)
Inventories and prepaids		3,969	-	-	(189,133)		-	(185,164)
Due from other funds		(7,887)	-	(15,255)	-		-	(23,142)
Pension benefits		(411,428)	(183,176)	(223,452)	-		-	(818,056)
Changes in deferred outflows/Inflows		44,399	(3)	95,248	-		-	139,644
Accounts payable		(33,176)	(15,929)	(6,316)	307,280		15	251,874
Accrued liabilities		14,980	8,828	7,499	(30,906)		-	401
Due to other funds			 22,600	10,000				32,600
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(103,479)	\$ (633,848)	\$ (137,618)	\$ (752,345)	\$	40,007	\$ (1,587,283)

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None

Component Unit

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	230,962 (838,240) (607,278)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES	
Investment Income	15,499
Net Cash Flows From Capital and Related Investing Activities	 15,499
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from sale of assets	457,930
Operating subsidies received-City Net Cash Flows From	597,500
Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	 1,055,430
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	463,651
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	 417,371
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 881,022

Component Unit

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Redevelopment Authority
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS	
TO NET CASH PROVIDED FLOWS FROM	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating Loss	\$ (627,977)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Accounts receivable	-
Customer deposits	44,500
Due to City	-
Accounts payable	(23,801)
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (607,278)

NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

None